BOMBAY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED THRICE A WEEK, ON EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND FRIDAY, MORNING.

PRICE 13 RUPEES PER QUARTER:—52 RUPEES PER ANNUM:—OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, 48 RUPEES PER ANNUM.

"Nothing extenuate, nor set down aught in Malice."

Vol. LI. **BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1840.** 3,210.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND DISPATCH.

WHICH will contain a Precis of Indian Intelligence for the past Month.

The Public and Subscribers of the Gazette are informed that an Overland Monthly Dispatch, will be published at this Office for the present and every succeeding Mail.—To Subscribers of the Gazette, *Gratis*.—Non Subscribers one Rupee per Copy and to Subscribers for the above alone Rs. 10 per Annum, in England £1. 1s.

The Outstation Subscribers to the *Bombay Gazette* are hereby informed that if they will favor the Editor with the names of the Parties in England to whom they wish their Overland Gazette to be sent, they will be forwarded punctually through the Post Office here by each Steamer.

No Postage is levied by the Falmouth route and by Marseilles Twopence.

Agents in England, Mr. Richardson, Cornhill; Messrs. Grindlay, Christian and Matthews, 16, Cornhill, and 8, St. Martin's place, Charing Cross.

Bombay Gazette Office, No. 5, Forbes Street.

MARRYAT'S CODE OF SIGNALS, Sixth Edition, of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Parts, with the Supplement to the above, and also the Honorable Company's Steamers and Ships of War, corrected and enlarged with considerable alterations and additions.—Price 2 Rupees per Copy.—Apply at this Office.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS of the BOMBAY GAZETTE are respectfully requested to take notice that the New Proprietorship commenced from the 1st of June 1840, and that all accounts &c. with the present concern will commence from that date.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS to the GAZETTE are requested that whenever a change of residence or Station may take place, they will be pleased to give information of the same, in order, to prevent mistakes in forwarding their Newspaper.

COPPER PLATE PRINTING.

THE LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the Presidency and the Public in general are hereby informed, that VISITING and INVITATION CARDS will be neatly executed and on reasonable terms at this Office.

All orders for Copper Plate Engraving and Card Printing addressed to the Printer of this Paper will be carefully attended to.

Bombay Gazette Office, Sept. 11, 1840.

TO THE ARMY.

THE Report of the Commissioners for Inquiring into Naval and Military Promotion and Retirement, will be reprinted by Subscription as a Pamphlet and sold at Rs. 2 per Copy at this Office.

To insure a sale Gentlemen who may wish to have a Copy are requested to make an early application.

Bombay Gazette Office, Sept. 11, 1840.

FOR SALE.

TWO WOODEN PRINTING PRESSES, and old files of Newspapers.—Apply at this Office.

ADVERTISEMENT.

MANY applications having been made to the EDITOR of this Journal, and promises of assistance given to get up a *Sporting Magazine*. It is hereby announced that if a sufficient Number of Subscribers send in their names to repay the outlay, a BOMBAY SPORTING MAGAZINE will appear in October, and be repeated *Quarterly*. The price to Subscribers will be 12 Rupees a year single numbers 4 Rupees, communications will be thankfully received.

FOR SALE, at the Gazette Office;

Respondentia Bonds, each..	Rs.	1
Ship's Articles.....	,,	1
Policies of Insurance.....	,,	1
Bills of Exchange, per set....	Ans.	8
Interest Bonds.....	,,	8
Bills of Lading.....	,,	8
Powers of Attorney, each.....	,,	8

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS BOMBAY.

In the matter of the Petition of WILLIAM GEORGE WHEATLEY, *an Insolvent, since deceased.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Monday, the twenty-first day of September instant, is appointed for a further hearing in the above matter for the purpose of making a first dividend, dated this 9th day of September 1840.

J. P. LARKINS,
Chief Clerk.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE DIRECTORS of the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY deeming it expedient to alter the day of the Monthly Meeting, notice is hereby given, that in future it will be held on the second Saturday of the month, instead of the first as hitherto.

G. PIGOTT,—*Secretary.*
Bombay, 11th Sept. 1840.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL.

FRENCH JUSTICE.—An action was tried a few days ago before the Tribunal of Commerce, Paris, in which Messrs. Rowland and Son, London, of Macassar Oil celebrity, were plaintiffs, and Messrs. Gueland, Messier, and Amaret, in Paris, were defendants. Messrs. Rowland complained that the defendants had, in order to insure a sale for a composition, which they also called Macassar Oil, imitated their bottles and labels, and thus injured the reputation of the genuine article, and diminished its sale. The tribunal, deciding that foreigners trading with France were entitled to protection against a fraud of this description, sentenced the defendants who sold the Macassar Oil bearing false labels, to pay 600fr. each, and 500fr. for every new contravention of which they may be guilty: and ordered other defendants, who were the manufacturers of the bottles, and printers of the labels, to deliver none of the same description without the authority of Messrs. Rowland. The Tribunal, in giving its judgment in this case, mentioned, among the motives of its decision, that a foreigner, bringing into France either a manufacture or manufactured object, ought to receive the same protection as a French subject; that in the present instance, it was necessary to secure to the plaintiffs, not only their property, but also their commercial name, which no one else had the right to make use of; that *good faith and equity were of all countries*, and that the tribunal could not suffer the public to be deceived by speculations, which good faith and equity alike condemned; and, in fine, that it was of importance for foreign traders in France to receive that protection from the French laws, which it was to be hoped French traders would in return, meet with in other countries. The extent to which A. Rowland and Son have been Robbed by French imitators is almost incredible—some idea may be gained when we affirm that the French Police seized 20,000 dozen false Macassar Oil in the Houses of different fabricators in Paris—most of which was intended for India, and the rubbish *was charged but 2½ francs per dozen—it is absolutely necessary that* the public guard against this, and the consequent loss of their Hair, which would most certainly result from it.

London, May 8, 1840.

JUST RECEIVED FROM CHINA,

AND

For Sale at the Courier Office.

A Narrative of the late Events and Proceedings in Canton &c. by *John Slade*, Editor of the Canton Register, Price 5 Rupees per copy.

N. B. This Narrative contains all the principal Edicts respecting Opium that were published in the years 1836, 1837, 1838 and 1839, and all other documents of importance explanatory of the late Events in China.

Courier Office, 8th September 1840.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

BLACKWELL AND CO. have received for Sale *on Commission*, an Invoice of Table and Hanging Argand Lamps, the former, with Gauze Wire Guards which are priced moderate to ensure a speedy sale.

Bombay, 11th Sept. 1840. (*)

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON Tuesday, the 15th Instant, BLACKWELL AND CO. will sell by Auction on the Premises, Mazagon (*next door to Jemsetjee Jeejeebhoye's Esq.*) the Household Furniture and property of a Gentleman proceeding to England, consisting of Drawing Room, Dining Room, and Bed Room furniture, Glass China, a square Piano by "*Broadwood*" Books, Guns, Dispense furniture, Cooking Utensils, Sundries, &c. &c.

AT 1 P. M.

A Phæton, two Serviceable Palanquins and a Tonjon.

Catalogues are not published.

The Articles are on view from Thursday 17th Inst.

☞ Observe that the sale is postponed.

Bombay, 11th Sept. 1840. (*)

WANTED—A Pair of strong Poneys accustomed to Harness—Apply to BLACKWELL AND CO.

Bombay, 11th Sept. 1840.

WOOLER AND CO. have just opened for Sale the following Carriages &c. from *Kesterton and Co. London.*

A Ditto Cabriolet Phæton with Seat in front.....	,,	1,600
Two Handsome Shigrams with plate Glass Windows Patent Spring Cushions &c..... each	,,	1,600
One Ditto Light Parsee Buggy	,,	900
One Ditto Do. Cabriolet, Cane body.....	,,	900

Bombay Green, 11th Sept. 1840. (*)

Civil Appointments, &c.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

REVENUE

Bombay Castle, 5th September 1840.

Mr. G. J. Blane, first assistant to the collector of Sholapoor, is placed in permanent charge of the Indee, Hepperga and Moodebehal Talookas, from the 10th ultimo.

Bombay Castle, 7th September 1840.

Mr, J. A. Forbes, collector of customs and land revenue, having assumed charge of his duties on the 3rd instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 23rd June last, is cancelled from that date.

Mr. J. A. Forbes, collector of customs and land revenue, is allowed leave of absence for twelve months to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, for the benefit of his health,

Bombay Castle, 9th September 1840.

Mr. R. S. C. Pelly, uncovenanted assistant to the collector of continental customs and excise, is allowed leave of absence from the 15th ultimo to the 15th instant, to proceed to Poona, for the benefit of his health.

Maneckjee Cursetjee, uncovenanted assistant to the collector of customs, is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the 15th instant, to proceed to the Deckan, for the benefit of his health.

Mr. J. M. Davies, to be first assistant to the collector and magistrate of Tanna.
Mr. E. C. Jones, to be second assistant to the collector and magistrate of Tanna.
} These appointments to have effect from the date of Mr. Pitt's embarkation for England.

Mr. E. W. Burton, second assistant to the collector of Ahmedabad, is allowed leave of absence for two months, to proceed to the presidency, on private affairs.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th September 1840.

Lieutenant R. Wallace, of the 18th regiment native infantry, assumed charge of the duties of assistant political agent in Lower Sinde, on the 9th January last.

Captain A. Troward, commandant of the Sawant Warree local corps, is allowed leave of absence to visit the presidency, on urgent private affairs, for a period of one month, from the 5th proximo.

Captain S. Hennell, resident in the Persian Gulf, is allowed leave of absence for a period of two months under section XI, of the absentee regulation, from the date of his quitting his station, leaving his acting assistant, Mr. Mackenzie, in charge of the residency.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
L. R. REID, *Chief Secy.*

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 7th September 1840.

Captain G. St. Barbe Brown, is appointed to succeed lieutenant Studdert, as assistant to the superintendent of the roads and tanks.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd September 1840.

H. Hebbert Esq. acting assistant judge and session judge at Tanna, is allowed leave of absence for a period of one month, under section XI, of the absentee regulation, to proceed to the Deccan, on private affairs, after Mr. Brown has taken charge.

Captain C. Benbow, assistant magistrate is the Ahmednuggur collectorate, acting Bheel agent and acting commandant of the Ahmednuggur police corps, assumed charge of his duties, on the 24th ultimo.

Bombay Castle, 5th September 1840.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased, under act No. XIV. of 1835, to confer on G. J. Blane Esq. first assistant magistrate of Sholapoor, the full powers of a magistrate in that collectorate,

Bombay Castle, 9th September 1840.

P. W. LeGeyt esquire, senior magistrate of police and revenue judge at the presidency, resumed charge of his office on the 7th instant.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
W. R. MORRIS., *Secy. to Govt.*

GENERAL ORDERS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

BY THE HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, 2d September 1840.

No. 542 of 1840.—Captain H. James, of the 18th Regiment Native Infantry, will act as Commissariat Agent at Baroda, during the absence of Captain Browne, 8th Regiment, directed to join his Regiment under orders for Scinde.

Bombay Castle, 3rd September 1840.

No. 543 of 1840.—The following alterations are made:—

Adjustment of Rank.

Lieutenant J. D. DeVitre, from the 2nd European Regiment to the 26th Regiment Native Infantry, with date of Rank from the 26th October 1839, to fill a vacancy, vice Crozier promoted.

N. B. This cancels the promotion and removal of Ensign H. J. Pelly from the 8th to the 26th Regiment Native Infantry, as announced in G. G. O. of the 7th January 1840.

2nd European Regiment.

Adjustment of Rank.

Lieutenant C. R. W. Hervey, to take rank, vice Russell deceased.—Date of Rank, 1st November 1839.

N. B This cancels the promotion of Lieutenant J. D. DeVitre in succession to this vacancy, as announced in G. G. O, of the 27th May 1840.

Promotion.

Ensign J. A. Evans to be Lieutenant, vice Goldie deceased.—Date of Rank, 12th November 1839.

Consequent upon the above alterations, the following Ensigns are Re-posted to Regiments.

		To what Regiment.		
Ensign	J. Miles.....	17th Regt. N. I.	as 2nd	Ensign
,,	G. Mackenzie..	26th ditto.....	as 2nd	do.
,,	G. S. Montgomery.	14th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	P. M. Briggs..	19th ditto.....	as 2nd	do.
,,	W. S. Furneaux.	1st Eur. Regt.	as 6th	do.
,,	J. E. Bowles....	23rd Regt. N. I.	as 3rd	do.
,,	W. F. Sandwith.	2nd Eur. Regt.	as 4th	do.
,,	C. F. Kneller..	11th Regt. N. I.	as 2nd	do.
,,	R. W. Wheatstone.	7th ditto.....	as 2nd	do.
,,	E. C. Marston..	25th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	B. Kay.....	6th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	J. Wray.....	24th ditto.....	as 2nd	do.
,,	J. S. Gell.. ...	10th ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	D. J St. Clair..	13th ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	E. A. Green...	21st ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	J. W. Morrison..	2nd Gr. Rt. N. I.	as 3rd	do.
,,	D. H. Jameson..	8th Regt. N. I.	as 4th	do.
,,	J. F. W. Poley..	1st Eur. Regt.	as 7th	do.
,,	J. G. Scott ...	22nd Regt. N. I.	as 3rd	do.
,,	J. Pogson... ...	17th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	G. L. Lye..	1st Gr. Rt. N. I.	as 3rd	do.
,,	E. Grant.....	3rd Regt. N. I.	as 4th	do.
,,	F. Levien.....	15th ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	W. Lodwick. ...	12th ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	W. B. Gray. ...	26th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	J. Hunter... ..	4th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	C. R. Baugh....	9th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	F. Wolley... ..	14th ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	W. H. Snell.....	19th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	J. A. Wood.....	20th ditto.....	as 4th	do.
,,	F. S. Kempt....	1st Eur. Regt.	as 7th	do.
,,	G. F. Shum.....	5th Regt. N. I.	as 3rd	do.
,,	W. P. Shakespear.	2d Eur. Regt.	as 5th	do.
,,	J. Peyton.....	23rd Regt. N. I.	as 4th	do.
,,	W. Brassey....	2nd Eur. Regt.	as 2nd	do.
,,	D. Eicke.....	11th Regt. N. I.	as 3rd	do.
,,	F. G. Green....	7th ditto.....	as 3rd	do.
,,	C. J. Bourchier..	2nd Eur. Regt.	as 7th	do.

Bombay Castle 4th September 1840.

No. 544 of 1840.—Lieutenant Colonel Hughes, C.B. Commanding the Troops in Karrack, is permitted to visit the Presidency on sick certificate, from the 13th ultimo, the date upon which he gave over command of the Detachment at that Station, to Captain Elder of the 1st Bombay European Regiment.

No. 545 of 1840.—Quarter Master Serjeant J. P. Buchanan, of the 1st Light Cavalry, is transferred to the Town Major's List, and placed at the disposal of the Superintendent of the Indian Navy, for duty in that branch of the Service.

Bombay Castle, 5th September 1840.

No. 546 of 1840.—The following order is confirmed.

An order by Lieutenant Colonel T. Marshall, dated Bombay 8th ultimo, appointing Lieutenant Glennie of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry, to act as Adjutant to the Left Wing of that Regiment, proceeding to Kurrachee.

No. 547 of 1840.—Leave of absence till the 30th instant, is granted to T. P. Weekes Esquire, 1st Member of the Medical Board, to proceed to the Deccan, for the benefit of his health.

No. 548 of 1840.—The following orders are confirmed:—

An order by Captain Browne, dated Aden 9th ultimo, appointing Lieutenant H. Vincent of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, to act as Adjutant to that Regiment, during the absence of Ensign Ayrton on sick certificate, or until further orders.

An order by Major Cathcart, dated Aden 27th June 1840, appointing Lieutenant Rose of the 1st Bombay European Regiment, to act as Adjutant, and Lieutenant Evans of the same Regiment, to act as Quarter Master and Interpreter to the Right Wing of the 16th Regiment N. I. on the departure of Lieutenants Orrok and Rigby, ordered to Bombay,

on Court Martial duty, from the 29th June last, until furher orders.

No. 549 of 1840.---The following tempory appointment is confirmed :---

Ensign Fanning of the 9th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Acting Adjutant to the Right Wing of that i Regiment, on its march to Deesa, from the 13th ult mo.

Bombay Castle, 7th September 1840.

No. 550 of 1840.—An order by Brigadier Stevenson, C. B. commanding in Upper Scinde, dated Sukkur 7th February 1840, appointing Ensign G. Malcolm of the 1st Grenadier Regiment Native Infantry to act as Interpreter in Hindoostanee to the 23rd Regiment Native Infantry, during the absence of Lieutenant Forbes to the Presidency or until further orders, is confirmed.

No. 551 of 1840.—Captain N. Strong, 1st Bombay Europeau Regmeut, is appointed to the charge of the Police and Bazar duties at Karrack, in succession to Lieutenant Giberne, from 13th July.

No 552 of 1840.—The Station Order dated Kurrachee 23rd May last, appointing Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Jackson, of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, to receive charge of the Acting Adjutancy of the 16th Regiment Native Infantry, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement until an Officer of the 16th is available for the duty.

No. 553 of 1840.—Surgeon H. Gibb of the 25th Regimeut Native Infantry, is allowed a furlough to Europe for three years, for the benefit of his health.

No. 554 of 1840.—Lieutenant C. D. Mylne 6th Regiment Native Infantry, Sub. Assistant Commissary General in charge of Bazar at Poona, is temporarily placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, for Regimental duty.

No. 555 of 1840.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Knight appointed lately to the Indus Flotilla, is directed to afford Medical Assistance during the voyage, to the Detachment of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry with Details, proceeding in the Benares, to Kurrachee.

No. 556 of 1840.---Lieutenant Colonel Hughes, C. B. is allowed to proceed to Poona, until the end of October, for the benefit of his health.

No. 557 of 1840.—The Columns of the Muster Rolls of European Corps, Queen's and Company's, shewing the Classes of the Rank and File, are requied to distinguish the Men drawing Good Conduct Pay from those who draw Extra Pay in virtue of length of Service only. The following Form is accordingly to be observed in shewing the number of each Class. In Pay Abstract the number drawing higher Pay under the Good Conduct Warrant are to be distinguished from those drawing the same in consequence of length of service merely :—

Not drawing Extra Pay.	Drawing Extra Pay.					General Number.	Names.
	For length of Service only.	For good conduct.					
		1st Class 7 years.	2nd do. 14.	3rd do. 21.	4th do. 28.		
1	...	...	...	...	...	1	A. B.
...	...	...	...	...	1	2	C. D.
...	...	1	...	...	...	3	E. F.
...	1	...	...	...	...	4	G. H.
...	...	...	1	...	...	5	H. I.
...	2	...	...	...	...	6	J. K.
...	...	...	...	1	...	7	L. M.
...	...	...	2	...	...	8	N. M.
...	...	2	...	...	...	9	N. O.
2	...	...	...	...	...	10	P. Q.

Bombay Castle, 8th September 1840.

No. 558 of 1840.—A Brigade Order, dated Camp near Kurrachee, 14th July last, appointing Brevet Captain Adamson, Her Majesty's 40th Regiment, Commissariat Agent to the Wing of that Regiment proceeding on Field service to Upper Scinde, confirmed.

No. 559 of 1840.—A Station Order, dated 27th April last, directing Captain W. Whitlie, of the Artillery, to assume charge of the Ordnance Department at Bhooj. is confirmed.

No 560 of 1840.—The Brigade Order of the 29th April last, directing Brevet Captain Major to assume charge of the Ordnance Department at Deesa, on the departure of Lieutenant Powell of the Artillery, is confirmed.

No. 561 of 1840.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed :—

Captain J. Tyndall, of the Native Veteran Battalion, to act as Adjutant to that Battalion from the date of Brevet Captain Prior's departure from Dapoolee, until the arrival of Lieutenant Major.

No. 562 of 1840.—The following promotions are made.

Regiment of Artillery.

Major F. P. Lester, to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Stevenson deceased.—Date of Rank, 9th August 1840.

Captain W. Jacob to be Major, Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) W. M. Welsh to be Captain, and 2nd Lieutenant C. R. Dent to be 1st Lieutenant, in succession to Lester promoted.—Date of Rank 9th August 1840.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
E. M. WOOD, Lieut. Col. *Secy. to Govt.*

Marine Department.

NOTIFICATION.

Notice is hereby given, that it is the intention of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council to despatch a Steamer, with a Mail for Suez, on Wednesday the 30th of September next.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council.
E. M. WOOD, Lieut. Col. *Secy. to Govt.*

Bombay Castle, 8th August 1840.

Notice is hereby given, that is is the intention of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council to Despatch a Steamer with a Mail for Suez, on Saturday the 31st of October next.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council.
E. M. WOOD, Lieut. Col. *Secy. to Govt.*

Bombay Castle, 4th September 1840.

No. 89. of 1840.—The following appointments are made :—

Mr. Thomas Scott, Gunner of the Light House, to be a Conductor in the Store Keeper's Department, vice Ewing deceased, date of appointment, 28th July last, Quarter Master Serjeant J. P. Buchanan, of the 1st Light Cavalry is transferred to the Town Major's List and appointed Gunner of the Light House, in succession to Scott.

No. 90 of 1840.—Lieutenant F. T. Powell is alloweda furlough to Europe for three years, on sick certificate, from the 14th May last.

Bombay Castle, 5th September 1840.

No. 91. of 1840.—The Honorable the Governor in Council has much satisfaction in publishing to the Indian Navy the following Extract, paras. 1 and 2 of the Honorable Court's letter, No. 47, dated 1st July last.

Para. 1st. We have had under consideration your dispatch in this Department dated the 7th September 1839, No. 57, and the documents therein referred to, bringing to our especial notice the gallantry displayed by those Officers of the Indian Navy who were engaged in the Attack and Capture of Aden. The conspicuous services rendered on that occasion by Commender S. A. Haines and by Lieutenant E. W. S. Daniell so justly commended in your despatch are well deserving of some distinguishing mark of our approbation, and we have accordingly resolved to present Commander Haines with a Sword of the value of 200 Guineas and Lieutenant Daniell with one of the value of 100 Guineas, each with a suitable inscription. The Sword intended for Commander Haines will shortly be sent out to you for presentation to that Officer.

2nd. We have further resolved, that as a token of our approval of the conduct of Mr. Midshipman Nisbett, and in consideration of the severe wound he received during the attack of Aden, he be presented with a Donation of 500 Company's Rupees, which you will forthwith cause to be paid to him.

Bombay Castle, 7th September 1840.

No. 92 of 1840.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Knight, lately appointed to the Indus Flotilla, is directed to afford medical assistance, during the voyage, to the Detachment of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry with Details, proceeding in the Benares, to Kurrachee.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council.
E. M. WOOD, Lieut, Col. *Secy. to Govt.*

Shipping Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.—Sept. 9th. Grab Brig Regia, D. Meyor, Master from Colombo 5th August.

Do. Do. Barque Amazon, C. Campbell, Master from Llanelly 9th May.

Do. Do. Barque Ellen, J. N. Ward, Master from Glasgow 19th May, touched at Mohilla.

Do. 10th. E. I. C. Steamer Cleopatra, Lieut. F. P. Webb, Comg. from Kurrachee 7th September. *Passengers*—2 Native Clerks and servants.

SAILED.—Sept. 8th. Barque Colchester J. Withers, Master to Liverpool.

Shipping in the Harbour.

R. I. C. VESSELS.	E. I. C. STEAMERS.
Receiving Ship Hastings.	Hugh Lindsay.
SCHOONERS	Berenice.
Shannon,	Ceylon Govt. Steamer
CUTTERS.	Seaforth.
Margaret and Nurbudda.	Cleopatra.

Merchant Vessels.

ENGLISH.

Clarendon.	Northumberland.
Mahamudy.	Kingston.
Sir John Herschel.	Julius Cœsar.
Julia,	Thomas Bold
Crown,	Dartmouth.
Lord Auckland,	Sarah
John,	John Garrow.
Allan Ker,	Madonna.
Westmoreland,	William.
Cumbrian.	John Mitchell.
Monarch,	Gilmore.
John Campbell.	Amazon.
Leonard Dobbin.	Ellen.

COUNTRY.

Benares,	Maria.
Cauderbux.	Ruby.
Doulut Savoy,	Futhal Hair.
Lady Grant.	Westbrooke.
Pittamber Savoy.	Benares.
Caroline,	Burney.
Charles Forbes.	Prince Regent H. H. M.
Sir Wm. Wallace,	Ardaseo,
Soobrow,	Wild Irish Girl.
Colonel Newal.	Cornwallis.
Atiet Rahiman.	Sultana.
Caledonia,	Regia.
Kasavie.	

FRENCH.	PORTUGUESE.
Dordogue.	Brig Simplicia.
La Adele.	

Vessels expected to Sail.

Vessels.	Agents.	Destination	To Sail
A Steamer.....	Spt. I. Navy.	Suez.. ..	30th Sept.
Lord Auckland.	Dirom, Carter and Co.. ..	London ..	10th Sept.
Cumbrian.....	Fosterand Co.	London ..	10th Do..
Kingston.....	Ritchie Steuart and Co.. ..	Liverpool	31st inst.
Leonard Dobbin	MctsregorB.Co	Liverpool	dispatch
John Campbell.	McVicar B.Co.	Do.. ..	dispatch
Clarendon.....	Ritchie, Steuart and Co.....	Moulmein.	dispatch
Hannah	T. Jefferies&co.	Singapoor.	
Sir W. Wallace	T. Jefferies&co.	Calcutta..	dispatch
Sir J. Herschel.	....		
The Ceylon Govt. Steamer Seaforth..... ..	Frith..... ..	Colombo..	1st Sept.
Northumberland	Skinner & Co.	Calcutta..	10 Sept.
Atiet Rahiman,	Capt. Lugrin..	Do.. ..	dispatch
Caroline..	Aga M. Rahim	Persian G	dispatch.
Westmoreland,	W. Nicol & Co.	China.. ..	1st Sept.
Monarch.... ..	McVicar B. Co,	Do.. ..	10th Sep.
Julius Cæsar. .	.....		
Thomas Bold ..	McVicar B. Co.		
Ardaseer .. .	....	China ..	
Adele..... ..	DavondSessoon	Marseille	

Time of High Water.

SEPTEMBER 1840.	MORN. H M	AFT. H M
11th Friday.....	10 47	11 6
12th Saturday.....	11 24	11 42
13th Sunday.....	11 58	0 13

Diary of the Week.

Sept. 11—Friday.—Battle of Delhie, 1803
12—Saturday.—Full Moon.
13—Sunday.—13th Sunday after Trinity.
14—Monday.—Holy Cross.
15—Tuesday.
16—Wednesday.
17—Thursday.—Lambert.

RATES OF BOMBAY GOVT. STOCK,
5TH SEPTEMBER 1840.

4 per Cent—1835 | 36. at 98-8 to 98-12
4 per Cent—1832 | 33. at 104-4 to 104-8

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTH.—On Sunday the 6th instant, the Lady of Captain Hennell, Resident in the Persian Gulph, of a Son.

DEATH.—At Colaba, on the 5th September, Mrs. Catherine Harrison, aged 65 years, deeply and sincerely regretted by her relations and friends.

Military Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 10.—Capt. S. Parr, 23d Regt. N. I., from Poonah.
Do. do.—Capt. G. J. Mant. Staff from Poonah.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 8.—Lieut. Compton, 18th Regt. N. I., to Poonah.
Do. 10.—Capt. G. Fisher, 12th Regt. to Deccan.

CORRESPONDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

SIR,—In order to preserve the *respectability* of the traveller's bungalows in the interior,—and that they may be secured from being *contaminated* by *low-caste* people; the wisemen of the East have recently been most graciously pleased, to pass a law, most peremptorily prohibiting *Government Clerks and Assistants in public Offices* from entering those buildings.

In consequence of the promulgation of this awful decree,—all those *Pariahs* designated Government Clerks and Assistants in public Offices, will from henceforth, when travelling through the Country, have to put up with the Village *Mhars* or *Deirs*, and share "pot luck" with them. But, as we Europeans of the *quill-driving* profession, consider ourselves Mr. Editor, of a higher grade of Caste than the Purwarrees of this Country, we shall feel it very derogatory to seek shelter from such people. I would then solicit with much humility, for myself and my brothers of the profession aforesaid, that their Braminical Highness, the wisemen of the East, would be so kind and merciful, as to order, that little huts should be built outside the enclosures of the Travellers bungalows, for the accommodation of the poor Government Clerks and Assistants.

Such a measure, would confer a great boon on the poor creatures, and would be gratefully acknowledged by them; and effectually prevent them from defiling in future, those *temples of purity* the Government traveller's bungalows,—and from giving the high Caste Brahmins for whom those buildings were erected. the trouble of having recourse to *ablusion and prayers &ca.* to free themselves from the *impurity* contracted in consequence of being obliged to lodge under the *same* roof with such low, despicable fellows, as Government Clerks and Assistants in Public Offices.

I remain Sir,
Your obedient humble Servant,
ONE OF THE PROHIBITED.

"Nothing extenuate, nor set down aught in Malice."

THE GAZETTE.

Friday, September 11, 1840.

THE following vessels have arrived since our last report; Sept. 9, Grab Brig *Regia*, D. Meyer. Master from Colombo 5th August; Do. Barque *Amazon*, C. Camphell, Master, from Llanelly 9th May, Do. Barque *Ellen*, J. G. Ward, Master, from Glasgow 19th May, touched at Mohilla; Do. 10, H. C. Steamer *Cleopatra*, Lieut. F. P. Webb Commanding from Kurrachee 7th instant.

WE must remind our Sporting Friends, that the period when we announced the Publication of a Magazine *dedicated to their favorite pursuits* is fast approaching, as a work of that nature can only be supported by contributions, we earnestly entreat those who take an interest in the Sports of the Field to be up and doing. We know many who handle the Pen with as much facility as they wield the spear, and who are as keen hands in describing a day's sport as in following it up, and we do trust they will come forward and support an attempt to record the annals of the Turf and the field and demonstrate that the spirit of sport which animated the lucubrations of S. Y. S. and Nimrod is not departed, but that we have yet those among us who can. "Point the moral and adorn the Tale."

WE were again disappointed this morning by the Signal for a Steamer. We rose with the light, all our establishment was prepared, we revelled in imaginary Columns of interesting News, when we found that we were again doomed to disappointment and to the "hope deferred which maketh the heart sick." The constant transit of the H. C. Steamers between Bombay and Kurrachee, and vice versa, has exposed us in common we believe with all Society to continual hopes and fears; and we do wish some particular Signal for the Boat bringing the Mail should be agreed on, some distinguishing flag appointed to be hoisted. To those who have dear relations and friends at home, a few sickening hours of suspence are almost unendurable. We see no reason why an arrangement of a New Flag for the Mail should not be made, and we hope soon to see an order on the subject emanating from the Head of the Indian Navy, who we have no doubt in common with all other European residents has the early intelligence of an arrival from the Red Sea as much at heart as his Neighbours. To Editors such a measure would present incalculable advantages. We could be prepared with our Establishments and get our Extras out at a reasonable hour. Speaking of this we do hope that some thing will be done by the Post Office to retard the Mail, for the Provinces and receive Papers until 10 P. M. on the Night of the arrival of the Overland Dispatch. If the interests of Indian Society were sufficiently considered, if the anxieties and heart aches which would be saved to many a worthy individual were thought of, we are persuaded the employment of a few Clerks to a later hour once a Month, would not be weighed in the balance of comfort against Society in general. In common with all people we look for our new Post Office arrangements. We trust that as the labours of the Committee are (as we are given to understand) ended, that we may no longer have to complain of inefficient establishments, or restrictive regulations militating against the pleasures and Interests of the Public.

WE have received our Calcutta Papers to the 26th of August, and Madras to the 1st September. Our Calcutta Contemporaries Columns are devoid of general interest, the rumours of War with Nepaul seem to have died away. The Editor of the *Englishman* appears again in the field as an author and is about to publish a work styled "Calcutta as it is." From his well known talent we have no doubt it will be a highly amusing brochure. The News which we possess from China has not found its way to Calcutta, and it is probable our Extras may give them the first intimation. The Madras Editors had received the Overland Mail and are making the most of it. The 33rd M. N. I. was about to be embarked on board the *Severn* and *Samarang* for Moulmein to relieve H. M. 63rd Regiment. The *Hope* also is to convey a detachment of the 31st Light Infantry thither. Tonnage to the amount of six or eight hundred, is still called for, we also copy the following item of information from the Madras *United Service Gazette* of the 1st September:

English Periodicals.—The Public will be glad to learn that the late restrictions on the transmission of English periodicals by the Falmouth Steamers were to be removed and the old system reverted to from *this date*, the 1st September.

In May last we received a letter from our Agent Mr. Richardson, complaining of the prohibitory order against Indian Periodicals being sent except as letters to India and paying Postage by weight, on the 3rd of June we took notice of the subject again, and called upon all the Indian Press to join us in a strenuous remonstrance against such an oppressive order. The Calcutta *Commercial Advertiser* joined in the remonstrance, and whether our feeble voices have been heard or not, we congratulate our Subscribers and the Public in general on the repeal of this very Bootian order. We trust that our Rulers at home will see the policy of admitting every means of instruction into their Colonies in the East, to enlighten the minds of those under their sway and by civilizing to render them better and wiser subjects. No obstruction should ever be offered to the spread of knowledge, as the old axiom that "knowledge is power" is as true as trite, and those Governments must be the happiest who sway the most civilized and enlightened people. All Books, Newspapers and Periodicals ought to pass duty free in all the Ports of India. There are enough subjects for the Excise without trenching upon the food for the mind. And we have so few amusements in these distant climes to relieve the oppression of an exhausting climate and hard duties, that we fly to the Magazine or Novel as a welcome relief and cut the leaves with the feelings of early youth and recollections of the delight of receiving a new Tale or Periodical in our Native Land. We (i. e. the genus Editor) feel such retrenchments on our sources of information deeply, and groan as much in purse as spirit at our increased expences. We hail the information of our Madras Contemporary as a return to a liberal spirit and only wish the Lords of the Treasury may never take such a freak into their heads again. If they do we only hope the Commons will stop their supplies, for the Life of an Editor in India, is his supply of European Information!!!

A Fire broke out on Wednesday, about half past Twelve, in the lower rooms of a House contiguous to the Town Barracks which from the crowded state of the neighbourhood at first promised a scene of conflagration which was happily averted. The Premises belong we understand to Hormusjee Dhunjee Patell and the lower part was used as a Cotton Godown and the upper, by an Arab, named Shaik Isaac. It is supposed the accident arose from the spontaneous combustion of the Cotton which had been probably Warehoused in a damp state. Five Engines from the Fire Office, Two from the Naval Department and we believe one, or more, belonging to the Police Establishment were brought to the spot immediately the fire was discovered, and the Artillery Men from Fort George and H. M. 17th used their utmost exertions in getting the Fire under which was accomplished by 4 P. M. We hear that the Chief Magistrate, Brigadier Valiant, the Superintendant of Police, Captain Simpson, Captain Cotgrave, Lieutenant Creed of the Artillery were on the ground and with the other Officers and Troops assisted materially in putting out the Flames. Too much praise cannot be given to all parties for their exertions, only one house was burned and much of the Cotton was saved. The Arab states

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 28 June, 2017

his loss as severe, but besides, no great amount of property appears to have been destroyed. We trust this will be a warning to the Banyans and Dealers to be more careful with their Cotton. We had thought that it was only in a Ship from the motion of the Vessel that any danger of ignition was to be apprehended from the working about of the Bales. However if this account should prove to be correct, and there is a chance of combustion from damp, even in a Godown we think some regulations should be enacted to prevent the Staple being warehoused in a wet condition. The quantity of Cotton in Houses in the Fort, is immense, and the consequences of conflagration would be indeed awful in so densely populated a spot. While the quantity of Wood used in all the Buildings would afford aliment to the devouring element. Why, as it is said that Colaba is about to be done away with as a Station for a Regiment, should not the extensive Public buildings there be converted into Cotton Godowns? This would be turning them to some account, and Government would be receiving rent for what will otherwise be a dead loss. Objection might be made to the distance from the Landing place at the Apollo Bunder, but what is to prevent a new bunder being erected at Colabah for the Boats and Lighters to run alongside. It would much improve the appearance of the Esplanade, if the Piles of Cotton which annually disfigure it through the fine weather were removed, and if the authorities are determined on giving up Colabah and if no more Troops are to occupy the Barracks, We cannot see that they could be turned to better account than Warehouses, while the old Parade ground would afford a capital place for the Bales in the fine Season. Even if not undertaken by Government, it might be worth while the attention of our Commercial friends, and a Company might be formed which might purchase the Premises, and realize a handsome Profit by the rents, while the distance from all other buildings would render the chances of extensive damage by Fire highly improbable.

COLONIAL.

SYDNEY.

LAUNCEST ON ADVERTISER, APRIL 16.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and suite left Launceston, on Monday, on his return to the capital. The previous week was spent in excursions to the country, His Excellency's party having visited Westbury, and the settlement beyond, and Norfolk Plains and Morven. His Excellency's party (including Miss CRACROFT and Miss ASHBURNER) were on Saturday last at the latter place, and after visiting the township and inspecting the buildings erected there, repaired to Cambock, the residence of J. R. KENWORTHY, Esq., where a splendid cold collation had been prepared. His Excellency, we understand, expressed himself highly pleased with the improvements in progress at the delightful residence of Cambock, the whole of which estiblishment he inspected with evident satisfaction. Highly praiseworthy as Mr. KENWORTHY'S exertions for the improvement of the estate have been the approval of the Lieutenant Governor must have been grafying to that gentleman.

The Lieutenant-Governor also took occasion to express himself highly pleased with the state of the roads in the vicinity of Morven, the result of the exertions of the settlers in the district; which indeed are highly commendable.

His Excellency and party returned to town late on Saturday, highly delighted with their excursion.

THE SUPREME COURT opened yesterday morning for the trial of criminal cases. We are unable to give the particulars of the trials, in this weeks publication, but have prepared a full report for our next. The case of Mr. Dawson for forgery, was the first upon the list, he was found guilty, and remanded to goal, to await his sentence This morning at 9 o'clock is the time appointed for the hearing of civil cases. It appears somewhat singular to us, that even up to the moment of the sitting of the court neither lawyers, or sheriff appeared to have the most remote idea as to whether the criminal or civil cases should be tried first.

The following instance of most atrocious cruelty has been brought to our notice, and we can vouch for the truth of the facts stated:—On Monday, the 5th instant, two men, by name William Hartnell, a butcher, of Longford, and Tom or John Hodgetts, of Norfolk Plains, agreed to ride a race to Blackman's River, and back, a distance of ninety five miles. The butcher brought his horse as far on his return as Whitehead's public house, Snake Banks, when it fell dead. Hodgetts contrived to get his home; but it died shortly after. We trust that the authorities at Norfolk Plains, will take the measures necessary to inflict the heaviest penalty on the parties that the law admits.

SUDDEN DEATH. On Monday Morning, a person named Mathews, who recently entered into partnership with a Mr. Mason, as coach builder, &c., expired from a sudden attack of *delirium tremens*. On the Saturday night previous, the deceased was in excellent health, and paid his men their wages as usual; in the course of the evening, however, he was seized with the attack, and continued for some time running about the town, calling upon those he met, "in the name of God to put those *fiery things* out of his yard," and uttering all sorts of incoherent and unintelligible expressions. He was conveyed home, and remained in a dreadful state of nervous excitement; and although every medical assistance possible was had recourse to, he expired early on Monday morning.

CAMPBELL TOWN.—Is decidedly the most fashionable district in the interior. We understand that a ball and concert will be given in the course of the present week, and that active preparations are being made by the committee to render the arrangements as complete as possible. A very excellent treat is anticipated, as it is expected that several first-rate amateurs will give their assistance at the concert. We wish every success to amusements of this description, and trust to see them more frequently repeated, especially in the interior, where lack of recreation, sometimes leads to that course of life, which they who rejoice in calumniating the character of the Colony, easily exaggerate into habits of dissipation and immorality. The committee have it in contemplation to erect an assembly room, at Campbell Town, where they can entertain the inhabitants of that district. We should like to see the example more universally followed.

MR. UNDERWOOD'S sale of Live Stock, comprising Sheep, Oxen, and Horses, at ELLENTHORPE HALL, of the 8th instant, was well attended, and the prices, which will be found in our fourth page, were considered good. The arrangements for the display of the Stock, and the accommodation of purchasers, were excellent. The great advantage of unreserved sales, could not have been more apparent than at this sale. The public were assured that the pledge of the auction eerwould be faithfully kept by the proprietor, and that the sales would be reallybona fide; the consequence was, that the biddings commenced and continued spirited throughout, and all parties expressed themselves fully satisfied with the prooceedings of the day.

THE MARKETS.—The inaccuracy of many of the price currents in the colonial newspapers having been made the subject of frequent complaint; the proprietor of this journal has entered into such arrangements as will effectually prevent further complaints upon the same subject, at least as far as the *Launceston Advertiser* is concerned. The prices of all descriptions of colonial produce; the accounts of the wool market in England; together with the average value of stocks of all descriptions, &c., &c., will be regularly inserted therein; and upon the accuracy of which every reliance may be placed. It is hoped that this arrangement will be of service to those gentlemen and settlers in the interior, at whose repeated solicitation it has been principally adopted.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

Tuesday, April 14.

James Page, stood charged with stealing from the dwelling-house of James Rowes, a bag containing four £1 notes.

The prosecutor is well known to the public as "Old James," deposed to the prisoner's coming to his house late on the evening of the 4th of April, requesting accommodation, as it was too far for him to walk home that night. In the morning, after the prisoner had gone, witness missed the bag, and of course the money too, and having strong suspicions that his money, his bag, and his lodger had all gone the same way, and at the same time he went with a constable to the residence of the prisoner where he found the money and bag, both which were identified and sworn to by the prosecutor—as being his property.

H. Howell, a constable deposed to his accompanying the last witness to the residence of the prisoner, where he found him sitting on the step of the door with the articles produced in his pockets Guilty—seven years' transportation.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SYDNEY HERALD.

Sir,—I beg to forward herewith the account sale of the stock of the Australian Agricultural Society effected by Mr. A. Dodds at Cox's Hotel, East Maitland, on the 11th. March, 1840. You will perceive that sheep have not fallen so much in value as is generally supposed, that horses still maintain a high price. and that cattle can be produced from what are termed colonial cows, as valuable as the generality of Durham cows imported.

The morning was ushered in with a heavy shower of rain which continued throughout the day, and caused the stud to look very miserable. The attendance was nothing like so numerous at it was last year, and I have no doubt, but that had the weather been more favorable the stock would have realized higher prices.

The cows were in splendid condition; they were brought from the Coy's Rum at Gloucester and were the finest oflot colonial bred cattle ever exhibited in the colony. Two or three of the cows were considered to average nearly 1,000 lbs. in weight, and previous to starting from Port Stephen, would have been a credit to fat cattle show in England. No. 3, a three quarter bred Durham cow, three years old, heavy in calf, left on the road about 16 miles from Maitland, was sold unseen, and at the risk of the purchaser; she realized £37. and a few minutes afterwards changed owners for £40. The size of this and of several of the others was bred by the company and sold last week to Mr. Henry Hall of *Queenbayan*, by private contract.

I am, Sir, yours obediently,
J. C. W.

EWES AT PEEL'S RIVER.

800	Three or 4 years old in lamb, Messrs. Paley and Templer, at 20s. each.....	£1000
800	2 years old in lamb—Messrs. Caley and Templer 200 at 24s. each.....	240
	Mr. Hickey 600 at ditto,.....	720
500	5 years old in lamb, Mr. Robertson, at 20s.....	500
1400	Five years old dry ewes—Capt. Brown 100 at 19s.....	950
	Mr. Denore 400 at 18s. 6d.....	370
	Total..	£3780

EWES AT FORT STEPHENS.

1000	Four years old ewes, dry—Mr. Henry Hall, 700 at 17s. each,.....	£595
	Mr. Denne 300 at ditto,.....	255 0
1000	Five years old dry ewes, } mixed.	
1000	Six years old ditto, }	
	Mr. Denne 500 at 15s.....	375 0
	Mr. Robertson 1500 at 14s. 6d.....	1037 10
	Total..	£2312 10

MARES AND FOALS.

367	A half bred Welsh mare and foal, Mr. J. C. White,.....	£55
434	Ditto Welsh filly, Mr. J. C. White,.....	36
436	Ditto ditto, Mr, Furber,.....	39
438	Three quarter-bred Welsh filly, Mr. Watson,.....	40
274	Ditto Welsh mare, Mr. G. R. Nichols,...	50
150	Half bred ditto, Mr. Cornish,.....	45
165	Ditto ditto and foal, Mr. Clarke,.....	73
73	Three quarter bred Cleveland mare, Mr. Vawsey.....	51
21	Colonial mare aged and foal, Mr. Watson,	52
25	Ditto aged, Mr. Gerrard,.....	35
96	Ditto 12 years old, Mr. J. C. White,...	58
103	Ditto ditto, Mr. Goulter,.....	56
133	Half bred Cleveland mare, Mr. J. Jones,	71
208	Half bred Cleveland mare and foal, Mrs. Turner,.....	82
212	Ditto ditto, Mr. James Cox,.....	62
220	Ditto ditto and foal, Messrs. Caley and Templer,.....	95
227	ditto ditto, Mr, Thos Jones,.....	53
238	Ditto ditto, Mr. George Hoddle,.....	56
242	Ditto ditto and foal, Mr. Henry Dangar,	85
328	Half bred Cleveland mare, Mr. J. C. White,	57
271	Ditto ditto and foal, Mr. Winter, ...	85
290	Ditto ditto, Mr. James Cox,.....	63
300	Three quarter blood and foal, Capt. Littsone,.....	87
320	Half bred Cleveland mare and foal, Mr. Filcher,.....	79
326	Ditto ditto ditto Mr. Winter,.....	77
264	Ditto ditto, Mr. Templer,—.....	68
340	Half bred Cleveland mare, Mr. Cohen,.	66
312	ditto ditto Foal, Mr. V. Simpson,.....	75
344	ditto ditto Mr. R. Scougalle, ...	68
352	Three qaarter-bred Cleveland Mare, Mr. Cordeaux,.....	65
362	ditto Mare and Foal, Mr. H. Dangar,.	72
406	Half-bred Cleveland Filly Mr. D. White,	59
442	Three quarter-bred ditto, Mr. Winter,..	52
446	ditto ditto. Mr. Miller,.....	68
422	Half bred Welsh Filly, Mr. Thos Jones,.	48
202	ditto Blood Mare, Mr. E. Hungerford,..	75
245	ditto Cleveland Maae, Captain Farlong,	89
	Total.....	£2360

GELDINGS.

	Bay Gelding, 6 years old, Mr. Hobler,.....	£46
	Black Gelding aged, Captain Brown,.....	33
	Bay Gelding, 4 years old, Mr. Vortons.....	51
	Grey Gelding, 6 years old, Hobby.....	50
	Chemist Gelding, 4 years old Mr. Smith... ..	37
	Totol.....	£217

STALLIONS.

401	Cleveland 'Magician,' Mr. Thomas Jones..	£175
351	Welsh Voury 'Sweep,' Mr. Cornish.....	68
411	ditto 'Sinbad,' Dr. Blick.	45
429	ditto Sellor,' Mr. Nicholson.....	58
	Total.....	£345

COWS AND HEIFERS, BRED BY THE COMPANY.

1	Three quarter-bred Duhram Cow Mr. Hobler.....	£ 42
2	ditto ditto, Mr. H. Dangar.....	36
3	ditto Durham heifer, Mr. T. Jones.....	37
4	ditto ditto Cow, Mr. Hobler.....	28
5	Half-bred ditto ditto, Mr. H. Dangar.....	41
6	Three quarter-bred Durham Heifer, Mr. James Cox,.....	34
7	ditto ditto Cow. Mr. Hector,.....	27
8	Half-bred Durham Heifer. Mr. Turner..	16
9	Half-bred Durham Cow. Mr. Jardine.....	25
10	Three quarter bred Durham Heier, Mr. Boydell,.....	20
11	Citto Durham cow, Mr. Massie,.....	36
12	Ditto ditto, Mr. Campbell,.....	30
13	Ditto ditto, Mrs Hobler,.....	40
14	Ditto ditto, Mr. Hobler,.....	54
15	Ditto ditto, Mr. Sloane,.....	18
16	Half bred ditto, Mr. H. Dangar,.....	36
17	Three quarter bred ditto, Mr Jardine,..	24
18	Ditto Durham Heifer, Mr. Turner,.....	40
19	Ditto ditto Cow, Mr. Jardine,.....	24
20	Half bred ditto Heifer, Mr. Garrard,.....	15
21	Three quarter, bred ditto Cow, Mr. Lyons,	23
22	Ditto ditto, Mr. Boydell,.....	41
23	Ditto ditto, Mr. Hecter,.....	27
24	Half bred ditto, Mr. Jardiue,.....	23
25	Ditto Durham Heifer, Mr. Lyons,.....	25
	Total..	£774

BULLS.

Three quarter bred Durham Bull, three and half years old, Mr. Lang,.....	£31
Three quarter bred Durham Bull, 20 months old, Mr. Loyns,.....	
Three quarter bred Durham Bull, 3 years old, Mr. Massie,.....	47
Three quarter bred Durham Bull, 3 years old, Mr. Boydell,.....	42
Half bred Durham bull, 18 months old, Mr. Massie,.....	41
Three qusrter bred ditto 2 years old, Mr. F. Wilson,.....	30
Total..	£237

AVERAGE PRICE OF STOCK SOLD.

Sheep at Peel's River, each about.....	£1 1 7
Sheep at Port Stephens, each about.....	0 15 0
Mares, each about.....	63 15 0
Geldings, each about.....	43 8 0
Cows and Heifers, each about.....	31 0 0
Bulls,.....	39 6 8
Stallions, about.....	346 0 0

Sydney Herald March 18.

THE MARKETS.

Van Diemen's Land.

THE FARMERS' GUIDE.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made by the Proprietor of this Journal, with settlers in the interior, and other gentlemen and marchants in this town, by which the accuracy of the following state of the Markets may be fully relied upon, as being the latest and best authenticated that can be obtained.

LAUNCESTON CORN.

The price has gradually advanced from 12s. 6d. to 15s. per bushel for wheat, the latter quotation is now freely asked. 12s. 6d., 13s., & even as much as 14s. have been given for considerable quantities during the week. A corresponding rise in flour has also taken place, but the millers are not in a position to execute orders that are immediately required; and while one asks £36 per ton for fine flour, another declines to sell extensively under £40; and none are willing to contract for the supply of a large quantity at a future period. A considerable quantity of flour is at present required for Port Phillip, and the settlers on the adjoining coast of New Holland, which, as the millers are not able to meet the demand immediately tends to keep the price of what comes into the market a little higher than it perhaps otherwise would be. Private advices from Sydney, by the way of Port Phillip, intimate, that an advance had takeu place in that market since the *William* left: several large orders for wheat, forwarded from thence some time ago, still remain unexecuted, the late and present prices here ranging far above the limits given. The next arrivals from Sydney will, however, enable us to form a more correct opinion of the probable state of that market for our grain this season, than we at present can possibly do. At South Australia the demand for flour is good; 1,2000 barrels lately arrived from England, as well as a quantity imported from India per *Seppings*, realized from £7 to £8 per barrel.

Oats—Little has been done during the week; 4s. 6d. to 5s. is maintained.

Barley—Continues scarce, and in demand at 8s. and upwards.

Hay—Best quality from £5 to £5 10s.

Tea—As last quoted; £8 per chest, and looking up.

Sugar—Mauritius, £34 per ton; a fair sample of East India, £28.

BREAD.—The four pound loaf is now one shilling and four-pence.

Since writing our usual notice of the grain market, news confirmatory of the rise of wheat at Sydney, has come to hand by this day's post. New South Wales wheat is quoted at 16s. per bushel—no Van Diemen's Land was in the market. The effect on the market here will be to heighten the demand of the holders Indeed, we have heard 17s. per bushel asked since the mail was distributed.

Union Steam Mills.

	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
Wheat.....	12 6	at 15 0	Oats.....	4 6	at 5 0
Barley.....	0 0	,, 0 0	Maize.....	0 0	,, 0 0
Pollard.....	2 6	,, 0 0	Bran.....	1 6	,, 0 0

Flour, first quality, pr 200lb.....	36l.
Ditto, second quality, do.	34l.
Ditto ration, do. do.	30l.

BUTCHER'S MEAT.

	d		d
Beef, joint, ...	8	Mutton, joint,.....	6
carcase	7	——carcase	5½
Veal	8	Pork	8½

Lamb ..... 4s. 6d. per quarter.

SHEEP.—Considerable sales of sheep have taken place during the week, at twenty-five shillings per head, which may now be considered a fair price for young ewes of first-rate quality; six and eight-tooth ewes average twenty shillings; fat wethers from eighteen to twenty-one shillings; lambs from ten and sixpence to fourteen shillings.

WORKING BULLOCKS.—In good condition are in demand, and may be quoted from £30 to £40 per pair, if young and well broken.

STEERS.—From £20 to £25 per pair.

HORSES.—The recent exportation of horses to the new settlements, naturally tends to keep up the prices here. Good plough and cart horses are still high, and may be stated from £70 to £90, although some have changed hands at a higher rate. Roadsters sound and in good condition are in demand.

BROOD MARES.—Of the cart breed, may realise from £60 upwards. Inferior horses are not very salesble.

ELLINTHORP SALE.—At the sale by auction at Ellinthorp, by Mr. Underwood, on Wednesday, the 8th inst; the following prices were realised:—

Wether Lambs	0 10 6
Ewe ditto	0 14 9
Two-tooth Ewes	1 3 9
Four-tooth ditto	1 5 0
Six-tooth ditto	1 1 0
Full-mouthed ditto	0 17 0
Two-tooth Wethers	0 17 3
Four and six-tooth ditto	1 0 3
Unbroken Steers, per pair	20 0 0
Steers broken in	33 0 0

HOBART TOWN.

MARKET PRICES.—From some cause, known only to the initiated, wheat took a rise last week, commencing with 13s. and ending, as at present, at 15s. The growers still hold back, anticipating a still higher advance. Every credit is due to the bakers for the staunch stand which they made last week in favour of the public; for it was not until yesterday that, being compelled, they rose the 2lb. loaf to 7½d. We subjoin the present correct prices —Wheat 13s. to 15s.; potatoes, £7 to £7 10s.; hay, £5 10s.; pressed ditto, £7 10s.; oats, 6s. 6d.; barley, 8s. 6d.; vegetabies, neither so plentiful nor so good in quality, owing to the great drought which now prevails, and which has, we are informed, affected vegetation to an extent scarcely hitherto experienced.—*Colonial Times, April* 14.

PORT PHILLIP.

Flour—First quality, from 45*l.* to 50*l.*; seconds, 35*l.* to 40*l.* By the last advices from Sydney, flour has risen 10*l.* per ton; and unless a large importation takes place, a corresponding rise may be expected here.

Provisions—A small supply in the market and looking up. Beef, 7*l.* per barrel; pork, 8*l.* ditto butter, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 9d.

Tea—9*l.* 10s. to 10*l.* per chest, and may be expected lower, as the price is giving way at Sydney.

Cattle—Workin bullocks, 35*l.* to 40*l.* a pair; fat bullocks, 10*l* to 12*l.* each; cows with calves, from 10*l.* to 12*l.*

Sheep—Wethers, 18s. to 20s.; ewes, 25s. to 40s.

Horses—Rather in demand. A good hack, from 40*l.* to 50*l.*; draught, from 50*l.* to 80*l.*

Tobacco—A good supply in the market; may be quoted at 2s. 2d., in bond.

Timber—This article is plentiful, and from the regular demand, prices are firm. Van Diemen's Land timber may be quoted at 21s. to 24s. per hundred; shingles, 25s. to 30s.; battens, 22s. to 25s.; cedar, in log, 4½d. to 5d.; New Zealand pine, 4d. to 4½d.; this country timber, 17s. to 21s.

Potatoes—Plentiful; price may be quoted at 13*l.* per ton.

Sugar—Rather in demand, and scarce; price 26*l.* to 39*l.* per ton.—*Port Phillip Gazette, April* 2.

We have no alterations to make of any consequence this week in the price of staple commodities, with the exception of flour which rose yesterday 10*l.* a ton; the prices now are, for fine, 50*l.* to 55*l.*; seconds, from 40*l.* to 45*l.* Mr. Taylor, however, intends selling the four pound loaf for the next week at 2s., but he is afraid after that time it will be higher, unless some large importations arrive. Other articles remain stationary.

Flour—We make the following extract from a private letter from Sydney, from a leading mercantile firm dated March 17:—"Flour is to-day 42*l.* per ton."

Cattle—Upwards of two thousand head of cattle have arrived in Australia Felix, from Sydney, within the last fortnight.—*Port Phillip Herald April* 4.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

THE MARKET.—The price of fine flour is £1 00 per ton, and although there have been some arrivals lately, there is no immediate prospect of a fall—at least, until the market is somewhat stocked. It is to be hoped that our merchants will make arrangements to secure a good supply, for it is not likely that the Vandemonians will overstock he market, as that would not suit their policy. Bread is now 3s. 6d. to 4s. per 4lb loaf.

Sugar—Is rapidly advancing in price, and there is little likelihood of deerease.

Tea—IS selling at 12l. to 14l per chest, and the stock very low.

Soap—Is very scarce, and readily brings from 2s. to 2s. 6d. per lb.

Rice—Although there is a large supply of this article in the market, yet in consequence of the high price of flour, it is advancing in price. It is now nearly 14s. per cwt. When however flour becomes more plentiful the sale of rice will be considerably affected thereby.

Groceries—Generally are not very plentiful, and find a ready market.—*Southern Australian March* 19.

WOOL SALE—The sale of Captain Finnis wool, by Messrs. V. & E Solomon, on Tuesday was well attended, and the prices realised as follows.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Unwashed	1	2 to 1	2	¼
Washed			1	6
Lamb's Wool				11½

SYDNEY.

LARGE importations of sugar have taken place, not withstanding which an advance in the price is daily expected. Spirits as before are rather in demand; rum is rising in price, although 223 hogsheads, 110 casks of it have arrived during the past week, and 70 hogsheads been exported.—*Australian Chronicle.*

Flour.—(At Barker and Hallen's) fine, 40s. per 100 lbs.; seconds, 33s; ration, 30s. ditto. (At Dodd's and Blackett's) fine, 40s.; seconds, 34s.; ration, 25s. (At Hughes and Hosking's) fine, 41s.; seconds, 35s.; ration, 30s.

Wheat.—16s. 6d. per bushel.

Bran.—2s. per bushel.

Maize.—8s. per bushel.

Hay.—9s. to 11s. per 112 lbs.

Wheat Straw.—30s to 40s. per load.

Potatoes—8s. to 14s. per cwt.

Stock of the Australian Agricultural Company—By Mr. A. Dodds, at Cox's Hotel, East Maitland, on the 11th March; the following is the average price of the stock sold:—Sheep, at Peel's River, about £ 1 1s 7d. each; mares,, £ 63 15s. each; geldings, £ 43 8s. each; cows and heifers, £ 31 each; bulls, £ 38 6s. 8d. each; stallions, amount, £ 346.—Colonist, April 2.

MAURITIUS.—*December* 28.

Flour, at per barrel	10	75
Wheat, per bag	3	20
Sugar, per 100 lbs.	14	75
Tobacco, ditto	26	11

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—*January* 1840

Wheat, per 10 muids	270rds.
Potatoes, per muid	6—11¼
Tobacco, per lb.	16st.
Wool, ditto	42st.

PRICE CURRENT—*Swan River*, *March* 1, 1840—Wheat, 9s. to 11s.; flour, £ 40 per ton; hay, £ 6 ditto; bran, 3s. 6d. per bushel; meat, 10d. to 12d. per pound; pork, Hamburgh, £ 5, Irish, £7 10s. per barrel.—Ibid.

LAND AT NEW ZEALAND.—The sale of Land at the township of Victoria, Bay of Islands, held on the 10th ult. Five allotments on the east side of the place about 50 feet, by 75 feet to G. T. Clayton. 43l.; C. Mitchell, 44l.; 51l.; 57l.; 66i.; two allotments in Wharf-street—Duvauchelle. 50l.; W. M'Donald, 47l.; twenty allotments in section B. to S. Spicer, 43l.; Dingwall, 44l.; E. Lockett, 36l.; W. V. Brewer, 34l.; Lane. R. N., 33l.; C. B. Brewer, 33l.; Strickland, 29l.; J. Barham, 29l.; T. Spicer, 25l.; Decenteris, 36l.; W. M'Donald, 35l.; Duvauchelle, 36l.; G. T. Claayton, 24l.; Lane, Ea N., 26l.; G. T. Clayton, 24l.; Lane. R. N. 26l.; G. T. Cloyton, 23l. R. Strickland, 24. Total, £982.

Launceston Shipping List.

ARRIVALS.

April 8.—Brig *Henry*, 107 tons, Toby, master, from Port Phillip. E. P. Tregurtha, agent. 1 horse, Passengers—W. Wood, Esq., J. Wood Esq., Messrs. R. Bostock, J. Archer, W. Williamson, Capt. Smyth. Mr. Campbell, Mr. Collard, Mr. Walton, Mr. Dutton, and 2 natives.

April 9.—Schooner *Essington*, 123 tons, Archer, master, from Port Phillip. In ballast. No passengers.

April 9.—Schooner *Gem*, 76 tons, Bell, master, from Port Phillip. Henty & Co. agents. 1 case haberdashery. No passengers.

April 9.—Cutter *Pickwick*, 25 tons, Symonds master. from Port Phillip. A. Guillan, agent, 31 bags wheat, 1 pocket hops.

April 9.—Schooner *Enterprise*, 55 tons, Buhope, master, from Port Phillip. G. Lukin, agent. 750 hams, 8 barrels cement, 1 pipe split pease, 10 barrels tar. 30 bags sugar, 25 sheep. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs, Firge, James Miller.

April 13.—Schooner *Eagle*, 108 tons, Fawthrop, master, from Portland Bay. Henty & Co., agents. In ballast.

April 13.—Barque *Mana*, Milligan, master, from Portland Bay. Henty & Co., agents. In ballast.

April 13.—Cutter *Mariner*, Guillan master, from Port Phillip. Guillan, agent. 75 bundles casks, 1 cask pork, 1 ditto tallow.

April 11.—Brig *Hamilton*, 248 tons, Bradbury master, from Portland Bay, and Adelaide. Henty & Co., agents. 337 bales wool, 78 casks oil, 60 empty hogsheads, 1 box tortoiseshell, 5 bundles whalebone.

April 11.—Barque *Thomas Lawrie*, 294 tons, Price master, from Circular Head. Eddie & Co, agents. Part of original cargo from London.

April 11.—Schooner *Trugannina*, 61 tons, Paterson, master, from South Australia. 500 bags wheat, 3 bales bags, 10 pockets hops, 100 bales tobacco. Passengers—Messrs. Murray and Campbell.

April 7.—Schooner *Lowestoff*, from Port Phillip to George Town.

April 13.—Schooner *Tamar*, 117 tons, Bell, master, from Port Phillip. J. Raven, agent. 1 case traces. Passengers—Miss Alexander, Messrs. Grey and Burns, Mr. Fare, Mr. Lucas.

April 14.—Barque *Socrates*, 152 tons, Cowten, master, from Port Phillip. J. Griffiths, agent. 4 cases whaling gear. Passengers—C. Airey, E. Clark, Esq. J. Austin.

DEPARTURES.

April 11.—Schooner *Paul Pry*, 56 tons, Harding, master, for Port Phillip. Fisher agent. Passengers, Mr. J. Farrel, Messrs. Tetley, Barrett, Andrews, Mrs. Harding, Robinson, Mrs. Gardener, and 2 children, Mrs. Weldhen, Mr. and Mrs. Cacoran, David Morton, Henry Helps, A. Louisa Weney.

April 11.—Schooner *Joshua Carroll*, 143 tons, Porter, master, for Port Phillip. Eddie and Co. agents. Passengers, S. Craig, Esq., Messrs. M'Queen, Wilkinson, Mrs. Wilkinson, Louisa, Sophia, Charlotte, Sarah, John, and James Wilkinson, Thomas Collard, J. Haines, and D. O'Neil.

April 14.—Barque *Sovereign*, 243 tons, Chard, master, for South Australia. Kerr & Co. agents. Passengers, Messrs. Smyth, Hansel, Mrs. Smyth.

April 14.—Brig *William*, 149 tons, Thom, master, for Sydney. J. Griffith, agent. Passengers, Mesdames Hoskings and Williamson, Mrs. Elliott and child, Messrs. Mackersey, Lane, and Samuel Solomon, Master Mackersey, Mrs. and Miss Hughes, Miss Perritt.

April 15.—Brig *Henry*, 107 tons, Toby, master, for Port Phillip. E. P. Tregurtha, agent. Passengers—Mr. A. Bray, R. Murray, Mrs. Gardner and 2 children, C. Duncan, M. Intyre, James Smith, W. Leind, J. Thompson, W. Dorner.

Hobart Town Shipping.

April 7.—Arrived the Missionary schooner *Triton*, 201 tons, Beatty, master, from Bristol. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Skevington, Mr. and Mrs. Buddle, Mr and Mrs. Turton, Mr. and Mrs. Kevern, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Mr. Buttle, Mr. Smales, and Mr. Aldred, two children, and nurse.

April 8.—Arrived the brigantine *Abercrombie*, 144 tons, Crew master, from Sydney, with sundries.

April 10.—Sailed the brig *Camilla*, Gardner, master. on a whaling voyage.

April 11.—Arrived the brig *Australasian Packet*, 210 tons, M'Pherson, master, from Sydney 3rd April, with a general cargo.

April 13.—Arrived the schooner *Bandicoot*, 69 tons, Griffiths, master, from Port Phillip 5th April, with sundries.

April 13.—Arrived the schooner *Agnes and Elizabeth*, 74 tons, Mitchell, master, from Port Phillip 4th April, with sundries.

April 13.—Arrived the schooner *Lillias*, Smith, master, from Port Phillip, with sundries.

Indian Intelligence.

CALCUTTA.

HURKARU, AUGUST 25.

"*In the Press*, CALCUTTA AS IT IS, *by J. H. Stocqueler*—This work which is to comprise an account of the inhabitants, the statistics, the topography, commerce, institutions, buildings, social usages, municipal government, amusements, productions, &c. of Calcutta, will be published *in London* in the month of February next, and will reach Calcutta by the ensuing month of June. It has been for some time in preparation, but owing to several causes which it would be tedious and perhaps unnecessary to explain the publication has been unavoidably deferred. Arrangements, however, have now been made to ensure its appearance, and the author (or editor and compiler) is prepared to register the names of subscribers. The price of the book will be £1 10s. or fifteen rupees.

The object of 'CALCUTTA AS IT IS,' is to present an accurate view of the state of the Metropolis of British India. In the various works extant, professing to describe the British Indian Empire or the state of European Society in the East, very little pains have been taken to convey to the public any just idea of the extent to which European civilization has been transplanted in the soil of this country. Every writer speaks of the conques s achieved by sound policy and valor, of the *soi disant* luxuries of the East, of the annoyances incidental to a residence in India, of the sports of the country and of the general habits of the British under the influences of a warm climate; but few or none have been at the pains to enumerate and describe the splendid Institutions which have been founded by British policy and philanthropy, or to exhibit the extent to which the springs of our wealth and pre-eminence in Europe have been introduced and applied in India. Without by any means forgetting the former, the work now announced will particularly address itself to the latter subjects, and while it will furnish a correct guide to the stranger visiting Calcutta for the first time, and probably tend to remove many erroneous impressions prevailing in Europe respecting this country, it is hoped that it will be found interesting to the residents in India and worthy of their generous support.

The book will consist of one volume and be embellished with numerous engravings of the different public buildings, vignettes illustrative of manners and customs, and a map of Calcutta.

Englishman Office, *Aug.* 22, 1840."

—o—o—

ENGLISHMAN, AUGUST 25.

The retirement of Captain James Paton and resignation of 1st Lieut. A. M. Seppings, both of the Artillery, promote 1st Lieut. W. S. Pillans to Captain, and 2d Lieut. A. W. Hawkins and J. W. Kaye to 1st Lieut. Captain Paton's retirement also renders vacant the situation of 1st Assistant to the resident at Lucknow. There are now *ten* 2d Lieutenants wanting to complete the regiment of artillery, and there are but *two* unposted Cadets available.

—o—o—

The meeting at the Union Bank yestsrday passed off as quietly as was expected. When the question of the conduct of the late Accountant came upon the tapis, Mr. Longueville Clarke read a minute (which we publish below) describing the course taken by himself and certain other Directors for completely laying bare the frauds that had been practised by Mr. Sim, and for protecting the Bank from the consequences of such misconduct. This minute gave great satisfaction to the meeting, with a very slight exception. Mr. Clarke certainly did display in this matter a great deal of tact, ingenuity, and activity, but whether the course taken was, upon the whole, the best that could have been resorted to, for the permanent interest and credit of the Bank, remains to be proved. The resolution of the former meeting on the subject of exchanges was confirmed by the meeting of yesterday.

—o—o—

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE BY A MADMAN.

—oo—

A Mussulman labouring under insanity, attempted to commit suicide last. Saturday evening, on board of a boat in Meerbhur Ghaut a little beyond the Old Fort Ghaut. He had inflicted a wound on his throat, and would no doubt have accomplished the deed had it not been for his son, who upon perceiving what his father was doing, ran up to him, but before he would come up to him, the man threw the knife into the water, and jumped overboard and was given up for lost; a search was however made, and after 3 or 4 hours he was found at the Old Fort Ghaut by a Burkundauz, and was conveyed to the Native Hospital.

—o—o—

GOVT. NOTIFICATIONS.

—o—o—

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

—o—o—

General Department, *Agra*, 3*d Aug.*—*Revenue Department*—Mr. H. T. Owen, special commissioner of Meerut, has obtained leave of absence on medical certificate, to the 1st November next, to enable him to remain on the Hills. Mr. Glyn, the Judge of Meerut, will perform the duties of the office of the special commissioner for the present, and until further orders, in addition to his own duties as Judge.

7th Aug—*Judicial.*—Lieut. T. D. Macnaghten superintendent of Ajmere, has obtained leave of absence, for four months, from the first instant, on medical certificate.

The appointment by the officiating commissioner of Capt. Trevelyan, his 2d assistant, to officiate for Lieut. Macnaghten, is approved, pending the final orders of the Right Honorable the Governor General of India.

10th Aug.—*Judicial and Revenue.*—Mr. R. Alexander, joint magistrate and deputy collector of Agra, has obtained three months leave of absence, to visit the Hills.

ENGLISHMAN, AUGUST 26.

We stated a few days ago that we had reason to believe the Government had moved the Court of Directors to make up a packet in London for dispatch to Calcutta by express from Bombay. We now learn that it is likewise intended to make up a similar packet in Calcutta for transmission by express to Bombay three days after the departure hence of the regular mail, and that Government is in communication with the principal merchants of this place upon the subject. It is expected that 450 tolas may be carried by the express runners, which will allow four hundred and fifty persons one tola weight each—quite enough, we suspect, presuming that all mercantile men will send the bulk of their letters by the regular 'latest safe day mail. It is computed that the cost of this express will be about 300 rupees per mensem, which will consequently stand each writer of a single letter in eight rupees per annum. We shall be happy to publish the details of the plan as soon as they are matured and finally adopted.

Fresh representations are repeatedly pouring in regarding the shameful state of misgovernment under which the hapless people of Jeypore are labouring, induced by the imbecility of the Raja, and the impudent manner in which it is taken advantage of by those who have influence sufficient in the country to force their self-interested counsels on him. The national nuisance of the organization of political factions, is as rife in the principalities of India, as it is known daily to be in Europe, and even in England; and the Indian statesman is as deeply versed in the *science* of cliquery, and as extensively addicted to self-aggrandisement as those of whose manœuvres we hear constantly in Europe, and at whose successes we admiringly wonder. Let no man say—with the ample proofs before him of the wretched condition of the people of the Jeypore state,—that the doctrines and devices of Toryism and Whiggism, are not as well understood and as consummately practised, as by the 'great men of the nation' at home. Here is Jeypore falling piece-meal beneath the dominion of the demon faction, and there is none to save the people from the immediate consequences of being placed between the contentions of those whose counsels ought to compass the weal of the nation, and promote the glory of their sovereign. We have it in our power to do both; but it appears not to enter into our scheme of forwarding the prosperity of the 100 millions we profess to govern, directly or influentially, to rush in between an oppressed people, throw the egis of our protection upon them, and beat off, into their deserved insignificance, the odious inflictors of their interminable calamities. What would the European nations say, if they knew, as thoroughly as we do, that, almost in the centre of the paramount power we exercise in this country, there are principalities and powers, thrones and dominions, mocking the spirit of civilization by which we profess to be actuated, and spreading around the little circles over which they wield sovereign power, misery in its most hideous form; that such things before our eyes and under the observation of those whom we govern, are calculated to create a doubt as to whether our reducing our government of them to a system of legal administration, is a political farce enacted to lead them into perpetual arbitrary subjection; whether we regard with approbation the disorganized state of the little political sovereign communities in our neighbourhood; or that we suffer them to subsist in order to borrow lessons of government from them; and then, whenever we find it convenient to lay burdens on our own subjects, we refer to the *custom* of the rulers of their own nation, as precedents for our invasion of their natural rights? What, we ask, would enlightened Europe say to our tolerating such a state of cruel *independence* as we behold working out the ruin of multitudes of people over whom we, nevertheless, pretend to exercise a sort of power—a power, not to use the means of rescuing them from the reckless governments to which they are subject, but to contrive those which relate only to the preservation of that species of control over the whole of India, which, without promoting the weal of the governed leaves them as destitute as ever of protection; as remote from the prospect of deliverance, and as deeply involved in the consequences of their deplorable subjection, as ever they were before we came among them?

The dominion of factious ministers, supported by the rabble called the army of the Raja of Jeypore, has arrived at a degree of audacity, which cannot much longer admit of the repetition of the questions, as to whether the time has arrived for interposing a final check to it; whether we should yet stand aloof from the groans of some millions of people; and whether it is now our duty to extend to them also the benefits of our conquest of the country. There are other native independent states, upon which we have long ago forced our political interference; we have assumed the right of appointing a minister to the Nizam of Hyderabad, (in the Deccan) and we maintain that minister in all his authority, malgre the wishes of the Nisam. And though we do not openly meddle with the internal administration of the affairs of the territories of his Highness, of this we are certain, that no important territorial measures of his government are carried into execution, unless they previously receive the concurrence of our political incubus at *Chuddergh at*, Chundoolal—that never dying skeleton of humanity—is, in reality, nothing more than the agent of our Resident, whose province it is to abide by the dictates of the British Government, and not to venture to act independently of its requisitions. The nobility of Hyderabad, in vain employ all their influence to counteract that of our government; and the Nizam remains a useless cipher on the throne of Golkonda. Why is it not practicable to usher in such a system (to begin with) of controlling the proceedings of the lawless factions so shamefully permitted to operate successfully at Jeypore? Does it pay tribute to our Government? and ought it to be permitted to act in direct opposition to those salutary rules of policy and government, which we have repeatedly proposed for the guidance of those who govern it, or rather misgovern it, to the wretchedness of millions of our fellowmen? Shall we suffer the people to be oppressed by an iron rod; force them to submit to it, and not insist, in return from their rulers, upon their concurrence in our views of the general tranquillity and welfare of India at large? It cannot be: the scheme of non-intervention is, we are disposed to believe, progressively, though to some imperceptibly, exploding; for the former outery against the further extension of our dominion is no longer heard; but on the contrary, every fresh triumph of our arms is celebrated with eclat even in those quarters where the prohibitory shout used to drown the proclamation of the signal achievements of our troops; and a thankless people were wont to stain the laurels of our heroes with the epithet of robbery.

MADRAS.

UNITED SERVICE GAZETTE, SEPTEMBER 1st

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.—Private letters by the July Mail mention that the establishment of European Officers of Native Corps is to be again placed on the strength laid down in 1824, and the same is, we observe, mentioned in the English papers. The 33d Native Infantry will, it is expected, embark on board the *Severn* and *Samarang* tomorrow or Thursday. The *Hope* has also been taken up for the conveyance of a Detachment of the 31st Light Infantry to Maulmain, but about six or eight hundred Tons of shipping are still required.

ACCIDENT BY LIGHTNING.—Chepauk Palace was struck by lightning on the night of Friday last. Happily no lives were lost and the damage was entirely confined, we are told, to the Nabob's Toshah Khanah, wherein the electric fluid is said to have made considerable havoc amongst the state dresses of His Highness.

European Intelligence.

JONATHANISMS.

DANGEROUS VERY!—There is a young lady of our acquaintance down East, whose eyes are so flashing and bright, that there is a direct order against admitting her into any gunpowder magazine.—*Kentucky Register.*

WHY AND BECAUSE.—"Why do you use so much tobacco?" said a gentleman to another, the other evening, at a whist party "Because I *chews*," was the witty reply.

A DEPUTY WANTED.—"I can't speak in public—never done such a thing in all my life," said a chap the other night at a public meeting, who had been called upon to hold forth, "but if any body in the crowd will speak for me, I'll *hold is hat*."

ABSENCE OF MIND.—We learn from the *Nashville Banner*, that a land agent down there, by name Hiram S. Boots, having to ride out in great haste, one day last week actually clapped the saddle upon his own back instead of the mare's, and never found out the mistake till he was quite fatigued, with vainly trying to get upon himself.

DRUNKOLOGY.—The *New Orlean Sun* tells of a machine which has been invented "out South," which enables a man to tell when he is getting too drunk to walk. It is called a fuddleometor and gives a timely warning by hitting a fellow suddenly under the short ribs the moment he has got enough.

JONATHAN'S LAST.—The people live uncommon long at Vermont. There are two men there so old that they have quite forgotten who they are, and there is nobody alive who can remember it for them.

—An old lady for twenty successive years darned stockings with the same needle, in fact, so used was the needle to its work, that frequently on the lady's leaving the room it would continue darning without her! When the old lady died the needle was found by her relatives, and for a long time no one could thread it, nor could they discover what obstructed the threads, when by microscopic observation, they observed a tear in the eye of it!—*New York paper.*

AN UNTIMELY DEMAND.—A provincial actress was performing the part of "Lady Anne, in "King Richard the Third," and on delivering the following passage, "When shall I have rest?" she was answered by her washerwoman from the pit, who exclaimed "Never till you pay me my three shillings and twopence."

—A poor old woodman about to encounter a bear in the forest, and distrusting his own strength, made the following short prayer—"Oh Lord! here's a going to be one of the horridest bear fights that you ever did see, and no mistake. O my wig, my good Lord, help me, but if you can't help me *dont help ths bear*!"

"How shall I know bear's grease?" said a gentleman the other day to his hair dresser "If you rub," said the barber a deal box with it overnight, it will be converted into a hair trunk by the next morning?

(*From the Satirist*, *May* 17.)

In the title-page of the 'Cabinet Cyclopædia' we are apprised of the fact of that work being conducted by 'the *Reverend* Dionysius Lardner, L.L.D., F.R.S., L. and E., M. R.I.A., F.Z.S., F.L.S., Hon. F.C.P.S., M.Ast.S., &c.' Now, as there may appear to some a mystery in these initials, for the benefit of the unenlightened we subjoin an explanation:—

L.L.D.	Lecturer Lately Divorced.
F.R.S.	Flourisher, Reprobate, Scamp.
L.&E.	Lowborn and Elderly.
M.R.I.A.	Most Rascally Irish Adventurer.
F.Z.S.	Filthy Zealot of Satan.
F.L.S.	Flogged Long and Soundly.
Hon. F.C.P.S.	Honoured Foul Contrast—Parson Scandalous.
M.Ast.S. &c.	Most Astonishing Scoundrel, &c.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED FOR THE PROPRIETOR, AT THE GAZETTE PRESS, No. 5, FORBES STREET BY A. WILLARD,

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 28 June, 2017

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Unwashed	1	2 to 1	2	½
Washed			1	6
Lamb's Wool				11½

SYDNEY.

LARGE importations of sugar have taken place, not withstanding which an advance in the price is daily expected. Spirits as before are rather in demand; rum is rising in price, although 223 hogsheads, 110 casks of it have arrived during the past week, and 70 hogsheads been exported.—*Australian Chronicle.*

Flour.—(At Barker and Hallen's) fine, 40s. per 100 lbs.; seconds, 33s; ration, 30s. ditto. (At Dodd's and Blackett's) fine, 40s.; seconds, 34s.; ration, 25s. (At Hughes and Hosking's) fine, 41s.; seconds, 35s.; ration, 30s.

Wheat.—16s. 6d. per bushel.

Bran.—2s. per bushel.

Maize.—8s. per bushel.

Hay.—9s. to 11s. per 112 lbs.

Wheat Straw.—30s to 40s. per load.

Potatoes—8s. to 14s. per cwt.

Stock of the Australian Agricultural Company—By Mr. A. Dodds, at Cox's Hotel, East Maitland, on the 11th March; the following is the average price of the stock sold:—Sheep, at Peel's River, about £1 1s 7d. each; mares, £63 15s. each; geldings, £43 8s. each; cows and heifers, £31 each; bulls, £38 6s. 8d. each; stallions, amount, £346.—Colonist, April 2.

MAURITIUS.—*December* 28.

Flour, at per barrel	10	75
Wheat, per bag	3	20
Sugar, per 100 lbs.	14	75
Tobacco, ditto	26	11

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—*January* 1840

Wheat, per 10 muids	27Ords.
Potatoes, per muid	6—11¼
Tobacco, per lb.	16st.
Wool, ditto	42st.

PRICE CURRENT—*Swan River, March* 1, 1840—Wheat, 9s. to 11s.; flour, £40 per ton; hay, £6 ditto; bran, 3s. 6d. per bushel; meat, 10d. to 12d. per pound; pork, Hamburgh, £5, Irish, £7 10s. per barrel.—Ibid.

LAND AT NEW ZEALAND.—The sale of Land at the township of Victoria, Bay of Islands, held on the 10th ult. Five allotments on the east side of the place about 50 feet, by 75 feet to G. T. Clayton. 43l.; C. Mitchell, 44l.; 51l.; 57l.; 66l.; two allotments in Wharf-street—Duvauchelle. 50l.; W. M'Donald, 47l.; twenty allotments in section B. to S. Spicer, 43l.; Dingwall, 44l.; E. Lockett, 36l.; W. V. Brewer, 34l.; Lane. R. N., 33l.; C. B. Brewer, 33l.; Strickland, 29l.; J. Barham, 29l.; T. Spicer, 25l.; Decenteris, 36l.; W. M'Donald, 35l.; Duvauchelle, 36l.; G. T. Claayton, 24l.; Lane, R. N., 26l.; G. T. Clayton, 24l.; Lane. R. N. 26l.; G. T. Cloyton, 23l. R. Strickland, 24. Total, £982.

Launceston Shipping List.

ARRIVALS.

April 8.—Brig *Henry*, 107 tons, Toby, master, from Port Phillip. E. P. Tregurtha, agent. 1 horse, Passengers—W. Wood, Esq., J. Wood Esq., Messrs. R. Bostock, J. Archer, W. Williamson, Capt. Smyth. Mr. Campbell, Mr. Collard, Mr. Walton, Mr. Dutton, and 2 natives.

April 9.—Schooner *Essington*, 123 tons, Archer, master, from Port Phillip. In ballast. No passengers.

April 9.—Schooner *Gem*, 76 tons, Bell, master, from Port Phillip. Henty & Co., agents. 1 case haberdashery. No passengers.

April 9.—Cutter *Pickwick*, 25 tons, Symonds master. from Port Phillip. A. Guillan, agent, 31 bags wheat, 1 pocket hops.

April 9.—Schooner *Enterprise*, 55 tons, Buhope, master, from Port Phillip. G. Lukin, agent. 750 hams, 8 barrels cement, 1 pipe split pease, 10 barrels tar. 30 bags sugar, 25 sheep. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs, Firge, James Miller.

April 13.—Schooner *Eagle*, 108 tons, Fawthrop, master, from Portland Bay. Henty & Co., agents. In ballast.

April 13.—Barque *Mana*, Milligan, master, from Portland Bay. Henty & Co., agents. In ballast.

April 13.—Cutter *Mariner*, Guillan master, from Port Phillip. Guillan, agent. 75 bundles casks, 1 cask pork, 1 ditto tallow.

April 11.—Brig *Hamilton*, 248 tons, Bradbury master, from Portland Bay, and Adelaide. Henty & Co., agents. 337 bales wool, 78 casks oil, 60 empty hogsheads, 1 box tortoiseshell, 5 bundles whalebone.

April 11.—Barque *Thomas Lawrie*, 294 tons, Price master, from Circular Head. Eddie & Co, agents. Part of original cargo from London.

April 11.—Schooner *Trugannina*, 61 tons, Paterson, master, from South Australia. 500 bags wheat, 3 bales bags, 10 pockets hops, 100 bales tobacco. Passengers—Messrs. Murray and Campbell.

April 7.—Schooner *Lowestoff*, from Port Phillip to George Town.

April 13.—Schooner *Tamar*, 117 tons, Bell, master, from Port Phillip. J. Raven, agent. 1 case traces. Passengers—Miss Alexander, Messrs. Grey and Burns, Mr. Fare, Mr. Lucas.

April 14.—Barque *Socrates*, 152 tons, Cewten, master, from Port Phillip. J. Griffiths, agent. 4 cases whaling gear. Passengers—C. Airey, E. Clark, Esq. J. Austin.

DEPARTURES.

April 11.—Schooner *Paul Pry*, 56 tons, Harding, master, for Port Phillip. Fisher agent. Passengers, Mr. J. Farrel, Messrs. Tetley, Barrett, Andrews, Mrs. Harding, Robinson, Mrs. Gardener, and 2 children, Mrs. Weldhen, Mr. and Mrs. Cacoran, David Morton, Henry Helps, A. Louisa Weney.

April 11.—Schooner *Joshua Carroll*, 143 tons, Porter, master, for Port Phillip. Eddie and Co. agents. Passengers, S. Craig, Esq., Messrs. M'Queen, Wilkinson, Mrs. Wilkinson, Louisa, Sophia, Charlotte, Sarah, John, and James Wilkinson, Thomas Collard, J. Haines, and D. O'Neil.

April 14.—Barque *Sovereign*, 243 tons, Chard, master, for South Australia. Kerr & Co. agents. Passengers, Messrs. Smyth, Hansel, Mrs. Smyth.

April 14.—Brig *William*, 149 tons, Thom, master, for Sydney. J. Griffith, agent. Passengers, Mesdames Hoskings and Williamson, Mrs. Elliott and child, Messrs. Mackersey, Lane, and Samuel Solomon, Master Mackersey, Mrs. and Miss Hughes, Miss Perritt.

April 15.—Brig *Henry*, 107 tons, Toby, master, for Port Phillip. E. P. Tregurtha, agent. Passengers—Mr. A. B[illegible], R. Murray, Mrs. Gardner and 2 children, C. Duncan, M. Intyre, James Smith, W. Leind, J. Thompson, W. Dorner.

Hobart Town Shipping.

April 7.—Arrived the Missionary schooner *Triton*, 201 tons, Beatty, master, from Bristol. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Skevington, Mr. and Mrs. Buddle, Mr and Mrs. Turton, Mr. and Mrs. Kevern, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Mr. Buttle, Mr. Smales, and Mr. Aldred, two children, and nurse.

April 8.—Arrived the brigantine *Abercrombie*, 144 tons, Crew master, from Sydney, with sundries.

April 10.—Sailed the brig *Camilla*, Gardner, master. on a whaling voyage.

April 11.—Arrived the brig *Australasian Packet*, 210 tons, M'Pherson, master, from Sydney 3rd April, with a general cargo.

April 13.—Arrived the schooner *Bandicoot*, 69 tons, Griffiths, master, from Port Phillip 5th April, with sundries.

April 13.—Arrived the schooner *Agnes and Elizabeth*, 74 tons, Mitchell, master, from Port Phillip 4th April, with sundries.

April 13.—Arrived the schooner *Lillias*, Smith, master, from Port Phillip, with sundries.

Indian Intelligence.

CALCUTTA.

HURKARU, AUGUST 25.

"*In the Press*, CALCUTTA AS IT IS, *by J. H. Stocqueler*—This work which is to comprise an account of the inhabitants, the statistics, the topography, commerce, institutions, buildings, social usages, municipal government, amusements, productions, &c. of Calcutta, will be published *in London* in the month of February next, and will reach Calcutta by the ensuing month of June. It has been for some time in preparation, but owing to several causes which it would be tedious and perhaps unnecessary to explain the publication has been unavoidably deferred. Arrangements, however, have now been made to ensure its appearance, and the author (or editor and compiler) is prepared to register the names of subscribers. The price of the book will be £1 10s. or fifteen rupees.

The object of 'CALCUTTA AS IT IS,' is to present an accurate view of the state of the Metropolis of British India. In the various works extant, professing to describe the British Indian Empire or the state of European Society in the East, very little pains have been taken to convey to the public any just idea of the extent to which European civilization has been transplanted in the soil of this country. Every writer speaks of the conques s achieved by sound policy and valor, of the *soi disant* luxuries of the East, of the annoyances incidental to a residence in India, of the sports of the country and of the general habits of the British under the influences of a warm climate; but few or none have been at the pains to enumerate and describe the splendid Institutions which have been founded by British policy and philanthropy, or to exhibit the extent to which the springs of our wealth and pre-eminence in Europe have been introduced and applied in India. Without by any means forgetting the former, the work now announced will particularly address itself to the latter subjects, and while it will furnish a correct guide to the stranger visiting Calcutta for the first time, and probably tend to remove many erroneous impressions prevailing in Europe respecting this country, it is hoped that it will be found interesting to the residents in India and worthy of their generous support.

The book will consist of one volume and be embellished with numerous engravings of the different public buildings, vignettes illustrative of manners and customs, and a map of Calcutta.

Englishman Office, Aug. 22, 1840."

—o-o—

ENGLISHMAN, AUGUST 25.

The retirement of Captain James Paton and resignation of 1st Lieut. A. M. Seppings, both of the Artillery, promote 1st Lieut. W. S. Pillans to Captain, and 2d Lieut. A. W. Hawkins and J. W. Kaye to 1st Lieut. Captain Paton's retirement also renders vacant the situation of 1st Assistant to the resident at Lucknow. There are now *ten* 2d Lieutenants wanting to complete the regiment of artillery, and there are but *two* unposted Cadets available.

—o-o—

The meeting at the Union Bank yestsrday passed off as quietly as was expected. When the question of the conduct of the late Accountant came upon the tapis, Mr. Longueville Clarke read a minute (which we publish below) describing the course taken by himself and certain other Directors for completely laying bare the frauds that had been practised by Mr. Sim, and for protecting the Bank from the consequences of such misconduct. This minute gave great satisfaction to the meeting, with a very slight exception. Mr. Clarke certainly did display in this matter a great deal of tact, ingenuity, and activity, but whether the course taken was, upon the whole, the best that could have been resorted to, for the permanent interest and credit of the Bank, remains to be proved. The resolution of the former meeting on the subject of exchanges was confirmed by the meeting of yesterday.

—o-o—

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE BY A MADMAN.

—oo—

A Mussulman labouring under insanity, attempted to commit suicide last. Saturday evening, on board of a boat in Meerbhur Ghaut a little beyond the Old Fort Ghaut. He had inflicted a wound on his throat, and would no doubt have accomplished the deed had it not been for his son, who upon perceiving what his father was doing, ran up to him, but before he would come up to him, the man threw the knife into the water, and jumped overboard and was given up for lost; a search was however made, and after 3 or 4 hours he was found at the Old Fort Ghaut by a Burkundauz, and was conveyed to the Native Hospital.

—o-o—

GOVT. NOTIFICATIONS.

—o-o—

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

—o-o—

General Department, Agra, 3d Aug.—Revenue Department—Mr. H. T. Owen, special commissioner of Meerut, has obtained leave of absence on medical certificate, to the 1st November next, to enable him to remain on the Hills. Mr. Glyn, the Judge of Meerut, will perform the duties of the office of the special commissioner for the present, and until further orders, in addition to his own duties as Judge.

7th Aug.—Judicial.—Lieut. T. D. Macnaghten superintendent of Ajmere, has obtained leave of absence, for four months, from the first instant, on medical certificate.

The appointment by the officiating commissioner of Capt. Trevelyan, his 2d assistant, to officiate for Lieut. Macnaghten, is approved, pending the final orders of the Right Honorable the Governor General of India.

10th Aug.—Judicial and Revenue.—Mr. R. Alexander, joint magistrate and deputy collector of Agra, has obtained three months leave of absence, to visit the Hills.

ENGLISHMAN, AUGUST 26.

We stated a few days ago that we had reason to believe the Government had moved the Court of Directors to make up a packet in London for dispatch to Calcutta by express from Bombay. We now learn that it is likewise intended to make up a similar packet in Calcutta for transmission by express to Bombay three days after the departure hence of the regular mail, and that Government is in communication with the principal merchants of this place upon the subject. It is expected that 450 tolas may be carried by the express runners, which will allow four hundred and fifty persons one tola weight each—quite enough, we suspect, presuming that all mercantile men will send the bulk of their letters by the regular 'latest safe day mail. It is computed that the cost of this express will be about 300 rupees per mensem, which will consequently stand each writer of a single letter in eight rupees per annum. We shall be happy to publish the details of the plan as soon as they are matured and finally adopted.

Fresh representations are repeatedly pouring in regarding the shameful state of misgovernment under which the hapless people of Jeypore are labouring, induced by the imbecility of the Raja, and the impudent manner in which it is taken advantage of by those who have influence sufficient in the country to force their self-interested counsels on him. The national nuisance of the organization of political factions, is as rife in the principalities of India, as it is known daily to be in Europe, and even in England; and the Indian statesman is as deeply versed in the *science* of cliquery, and as extensively addicted to self-aggrandisement as those of whose manœuvres we hear constantly in Europe, and at whose successes we admiringly wonder. Let no man say—with the ample proofs before him of the wretched condition of the people of the Jeypore state,—that the doctrines and devices of Toryism and Whiggism, are not as well understood and as consummately practised, as by the 'great men of the nation' at home. Here is Jeypore falling piece-meal beneath the dominion of the demon faction, and there is none to save the people from the immediate consequences of being placed between the contentions of those whose counsels ought to compass the weal of the nation, and promote the glory of their sovereign. We have it in our power to do both; but it appears not to enter into our scheme of forwarding the prosperity of the 100 millions we profess to govern, directly or influentially, to rush in between an oppressed people, throw the egis of our protection upon them, and beat off, into their deserved insignificance, the odious inflictors of their interminable calamities. What would the European nations say, if they knew, as thoroughly as we do, that, almost in the centre of the paramount power we exercise in this country, there are principalities and powers, thrones and dominions, mocking the spirit of civilization by which we profess to be actuated, and spreading around the little circles over which they wield sovereign power, misery in its most hideous form; that such things before our eyes and under the observation of those whom we govern, are calculated to create a doubt as to whether our reducing our government of them to a system of legal administration, is a political farce enacted to lead them into perpetual arbitrary subjection; whether we regard with approbation the disorganized state of the little political sovereign communities in our neighbourhood; or that we suffer them to subsist in order to borrow lessons of government from them; and then, whenever we find it convenient to lay burdens on our own subjects, we refer to the *custom* of the rulers of their own nation, as precedents for our invasion of their natural rights? What, we ask, would enlightened Europe say to our tolerating such a state of cruel *independence* as we behold working out the ruin of multitudes of people over whom we, nevertheless, pretend to exercise a sort of power—a power, not to use the means of rescuing them from the reckless governments to which they are subject, but to contrive those which relate only to the preservation of that species of control over the whole of India, which, without promoting the weal of the governed leaves them as destitute as ever of protection; as remote from the prospect of deliverance, and as deeply involved in the consequences of their deplorable subjection, as ever they were before we came among them?

The dominion of factious ministers, supported by the rabble called the army of the Raja of Jeypore, has arrived at a degree of audacity, which cannot much longer admit of the repetition of the questions, as to whether the time has arrived for interposing a final check to it; whether we should yet stand aloof from the groans of some millions of people; and whether it is now our duty to extend to them also the benefits of our conquest of the country. There are other native independent states, upon which we have long ago forced our political interference; we have assumed the right of appointing a minister to the Nizam of Hyderabad, (in the Deccan) and we maintain that minister in all his authority, malgre the wishes of the Nisam. And though we do not openly meddle with the internal administration of the affairs of the territories of his Highness, of this we are certain, that no important territorial measures of his government are carried into execution, unless they previously receive the concurrence of our political incubus at *Chuddergh at*, Chundoolal—that never dying skeleton of humanity—is, in reality, nothing more than the agent of our Resident, whose province it is to abide by the dictates of the British Government, and not to venture to act independently of its requisitions. The nobility of Hyderabad, in vain employ all their influence to counteract that of our government; and the Nizam remains a useless cipher on the throne of Golkonda. Why is it not practicable to usher in such a system (to begin with) of controlling the proceedings of the lawless factions so shamefully permitted to operate successfully at Jeypore? Does it pay tribute to our Government? and ought it to be permitted to act in direct opposition to those salutary rules of policy and government, which we have repeatedly proposed for the guidance of those who govern it, or rather misgovern it, to the wretchedness of millions of our fellowmen? Shall we suffer the people to be oppressed by an iron rod; force them to submit to it, and not insist, in return from their rulers, upon their concurrence in our views of the general tranquillity and welfare of India at large? It cannot be: the scheme of non-intervention is, we are disposed to believe, progressively, though to some imperceptibly, exploding; for the former outcry against the further extension of our dominion is no longer heard; but on the contrary, every fresh triumph of our arms is celebrated with eclat even in those quarters where the prohibitory shout used to drown the proclamation of the signal achievements of our troops; and a thankless people were wont to stain the laurels of our heroes with the epithet of robbery.

MADRAS.

UNITED SERVICE GAZETTE, SEPTEMBER 1.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.—Private letters by the July Mail mention that the establishment of European Officers of Native Corps is to be again placed on the strength laid down in 1824, and the same is, we observe, mentioned in the English papers. The 33d Native Infantry will, it is expected, embark on board the *Severn* and *Samarang* tomorrow or Thursday. The *Hope* has also been taken up for the conveyance of a Detachment of the 31st Light Infantry to Maulmain, but about six or eight hundred Tons of shipping are still required.

ACCIDENT BY LIGHTNING.—Chepauk Palace was struck by lightning on the night of Friday last. Happily no lives were lost and the damage was entirely confined, we are told, to the Nabob's Toshah Khanah, wherein the electric fluid is said to have made considerable havoc amongst the state dresses of His Highness.

European Intelligence.

JONATHANISMS.

DANGEROUS VERY!—There is a young lady of our acquaintance down East, whose eyes are so flashing and bright, that there is a direct order against admitting her into any gunpowder magazine.—*Kentucky Register.*

WHY AND BECAUSE.—"Why do you use so much tobacco?" said a gentleman to another, the other evening, at a whist party "Because I *chews*," was the witty reply.

A DEPUTY WANTED.—"I can't speak in public—never done such a thing in all my life," said a chap the other night at a public meeting, who had been called upon to hold forth, "but if any body in the crowd will speak for me, I'll *hold is hat.*"

ABSENCE OF MIND.—We learn from the *Nashville Banner*, that a land agent down there, by name Hiram S. Boots, having to ride out in great haste, one day last week actually clapped the saddle upon his own back instead of the mare's, and never found out the mistake till he was quite fatigued, with vainly trying to get upon himself.

DRUNKOLOGY.—The *New Orlean Sun* tells of a machine which has been invented "out South," which enables a man to tell when he is getting too drunk to walk. It is called a fuddleometor and gives a timely warning by hitting a fellow suddenly under the short ribs the moment he has got enough.

JONATHAN'S LAST.—The people live uncommon long at Vermont. There are two men there so old that they have quite forgotten who they are, and there is nobody alive who can remember it for them.

—An old lady for twenty successive years darned stockings with the same needle, in fact, so used was the needle to its work, that frequently on the lady's leaving the room it would continue darning without her! When the old lady died the needle was found by her relatives, and for a long time no one could thread it, nor could they discover what obstructed the threads, when by microscopic observation, they observed a tear in the eye of it!—*New York paper.*

AN UNTIMELY DEMAND.—A provincial actress was performing the part of "Lady Anne, in "King Richard the Third," and on delivering the following passage, "When shall I have rest?" she was answered by her washerwoman from the pit, who exclaimed "Never till you pay me my three shillings and twopence."

—A poor old woodman about to encounter a bear in the forest, and distrusting his own strength, made the following short prayer—"Oh Lord! here's a going to be one of the horridest bear fights that you ever did see, and no mistake. O my wig, my good Lord, help me, but if you can't help me *dont help ths bear!*"

"How shall I know bear's grease?" said a gentleman the other day to his hair dresser "If you rub," said the barber a deal box with it overnight, it will be converted into a hair trunk by the next morning?

(*From the Sattrist, May* 17.)

In the title-page of the 'Cabinet Cyclopædia' we are apprised of the fact of that work being conducted by 'the *Reverend* Dionysius Lardner, L.L.D., F.R.S., L. and E., M. R.I.A., F.Z.S., F.L.S., Hon. F.C.P.S., M.Ast.S., &c.' Now, as there may appear to some a mystery in these initials, for the benefit of the unenlightened we subjoin an explanation:—

L.L.D.	Lecturer Lately Divorced.
F.R.S.	Flourisher, Reprobate, Scamp.
L.&E.	Lowborn and Elderly.
M.R.I.A.	Most Rascally Irish Adventurer.
F.Z.S.	Filthy Zealot of Satan.
F.L.S.	Flogged Long and Soundly.
Hon. F.C.P.S.	Honoured Foul Contrast—Parson Scandalous.
M.Ast.S. &c.	Most Astonishing Scoundrel, &c.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED FOR THE PROPRIETOR, AT THE GAZETTE PRESS, NO. 5, FORBES' STREET BY A. WILLARD,